

Datasheet for ABIN7317102

## FGFR1 Protein (GST tag,His tag)



[Go to Product page](#)

### 1 Image

#### Overview

Quantity:	50 µg
Target:	FGFR1
Origin:	Human
Source:	Baculovirus infected Insect Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This FGFR1 protein is labelled with GST tag,His tag.

#### Product Details

Purpose:	Recombinant Human FGFR1/CD331 Protein (His & GST Tag)
Sequence:	Gly 311-Arg 731
Characteristics:	A DNA sequence encoding the human FGFR1 isoform 4 (NP_075594.1) cytoplasmic domain (Gly 311-Arg 731) was fused with the N-terminal polyhistidine-tagged GST tag at the N-terminus.
Purity:	> 93 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin Level:	< 1.0 EU per µg as determined by the LAL method.

#### Target Details

Target:	FGFR1
Alternative Name:	FGFR1/CD331 ( <a href="#">FGFR1 Products</a> )
Background:	Background: FGFR1; also known as CD331; belongs to the fibroblast growth factor receptor subfamily where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout

## Target Details

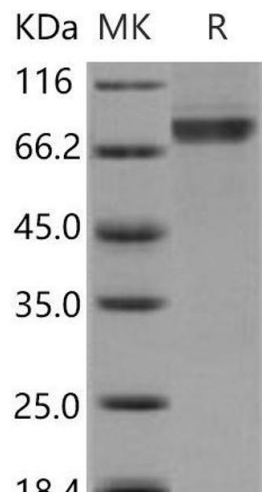
evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. Fibroblast growth factors (FGFs) (FGF1 - 10 and 16 - 23) are mitogenic signaling molecules that have roles in angiogenesis; wound healing; cell migration; neural outgrowth and embryonic development. FGFs bind heparan sulfate glycosaminoglycans; which facilitates dimerization (activation) of FGF receptors. FGFR1 is a full-length representative protein consists of an extracellular region; composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains; a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of FGFR1 interacts with fibroblast growth factors; setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals; ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. This particular family member binds both acidic and basic fibroblast growth factors and is involved in limb induction. CD331 can be detected in astrocytoma; neuroblastoma and adrenal cortex cell lines. Some isoforms are detected in foreskin fibroblast cell lines; however isoform 17; isoform 18 and isoform 19 are not detected in these cells. Defects in FGFR1 are a cause of Pfeiffer syndrome ;idiopathic hypogonadotropic hypogonadism; Kallmann syndrome type 2; osteoglophonic dysplasia and trigonocephaly non-syndromic.Immune Checkpoint Immunotherapy Cancer Immunotherapy Targeted Therapy

Synonym: bFGF-R-1;BFGFR;CD331;CEK;FGFBR;FGFR-1;FLG;FLT-2;FLT2;HBGFR;HH2;HRTFDS;KAL2;N-SAM;OGD

Molecular Weight:	75 kDa
NCBI Accession:	<a href="#">NP_075594</a>
Pathways:	<a href="#">RTK Signaling</a> , <a href="#">Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway</a> , <a href="#">EGFR Signaling Pathway</a> , <a href="#">Neurotrophin Signaling Pathway</a> , <a href="#">Sensory Perception of Sound</a> , <a href="#">Stem Cell Maintenance</a> , <a href="#">S100 Proteins</a>

## Application Details

Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Frozen, Liquid
Buffer:	Supplied as sterile 50 mM Tris, 100 mM NaCl, pH 8.0, 20 % glycerol, 0.3 mM DTT
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.



**Western Blotting**

**Image 1.**