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Datasheet for ABIN7317671
TRKA Protein (AA 285-413) (His tag)

Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	TRKA (NTRK1)
Protein Characteristics:	AA 285-413
Origin:	Human
Source:	Escherichia coli (E. coli)
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This TRKA protein is labelled with His tag.

Product Details

Purpose:	Recombinant Human TrkA/NTRK1 Protein (aa 285-413, His Tag)
Sequence:	Pro 285-Glu 413
Characteristics:	A DNA sequence encoding the amino acid sequence (Pro 285-Glu 413) of human NTRK1 (NP_002520.2), corresponding to the Ig-like C2-type 2 domain, was expressed and purified, with a N-terminal polyhistidine tag.
Purity:	> 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Target Details

Target:	TRKA (NTRK1)
Alternative Name:	TrkA/NTRK1 (NTRK1 Products)
Background:	Background: TRKA is a member of the neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor (NTRK) family. It is a membrane-bound receptor that, upon neurotrophin binding, phosphorylates itself and

Target Details

members of the MAPK pathway. Isoform TrkA-III promotes angiogenesis and has oncogenic activity when overexpressed. Isoform TrkA-I is found in most non-neuronal tissues. Isoform TrkA-II is primarily expressed in neuronal cells. TrkA-III is specifically expressed by pluripotent neural stem and neural crest progenitors. The presence of NTRK1 leads to cell differentiation and may play a role in specifying sensory neuron subtypes. Mutations in TRKA gene have been associated with congenital insensitivity to pain, anhidrosis, self-mutilating behavior, mental retardation and cancer. It was originally identified as an oncogene as it is commonly mutated in cancers, particularly colon and thyroid carcinomas. TRKA is required for high-affinity binding to nerve growth factor (NGF), neurotrophin-3 and neurotrophin-4/5 but not brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF). Known substrates for the Trk receptors are SHC1, PI 3-kinase, and PLC-gamma-1. NTRK1 has a crucial role in the development and function of the nociceptive reception system as well as establishment of thermal regulation via sweating. It also activates ERK1 by either SHC1- or PLC-gamma-1-dependent signaling pathway. Defects in NTRK1 are a cause of congenital insensitivity to pain with anhidrosis and thyroid papillary carcinoma. Immune Checkpoint Immunotherapy Cancer Immunotherapy Targeted Therapy
Synonym: MTC;p140-TrkA;TRK;Trk-A;TRK1;TRKA

Molecular Weight: 15.1 kDa

NCBI Accession: [NP_002520](#)

Pathways: [RTK Signaling](#), [Neurotrophin Signaling Pathway](#), [cAMP Metabolic Process](#)

Application Details

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Lyophilized

Reconstitution: Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Buffer: Lyophilized from sterile 50 mM Tris, 200 mM NaCl, pH 8.0

Storage: 4 °C,-20 °C,-80 °C

Storage Comment: Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.