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Datasheet for ABIN7317703

**CD3D Protein (Fc Tag,DYKDDDDK Tag)**

## Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	CD3D
Origin:	Human
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This CD3D protein is labelled with Fc Tag,DYKDDDDK Tag.

## Product Details

Purpose:	Recombinant Human CD3d/CD3 delta Protein (Fc&FLAG Tag)
Sequence:	Met 1-Ala105
Characteristics:	A DNA sequence encoding the human CD3D (Met1-Ala105) was fused with the C-terminal flag-tagged Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus.
Purity:	> 85 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin Level:	< 1.0 EU per µg as determined by the LAL method.

## Target Details

Target:	CD3D
Alternative Name:	CD3d/CD3 delta ( <a href="#">CD3D Products</a> )
Background:	Background: T-cell surface glycoprotein CD3 delta chain, also known as CD3D, is a single-pass type I membrane protein. CD3D, together with CD3-gamma, CD3-epsilon and CD3-zeta, and the T-cell receptor alpha/beta and gamma/delta heterodimers, forms the T cell receptor-CD3

## Target Details

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complex. The majority of T cell receptor (TCR) complexes in mice and humans consist of a heterodimer of polymorphic TCRalpha and beta chains along with invariant CD3gamma, delta, epsilon, and zeta chains. CD3 chains are present as CD3gammaepsilon, deltaepsilon, and zetazeta dimers in the receptor complex and play critical roles in the antigen receptor assembly, transport to the cell surface, and the receptor-mediated signal transduction. T cell receptor-CD3 complex plays an important role in coupling antigen recognition to several intracellular signal-transduction pathways. This complex is critical for T-cell development and function, and represents one of the most complex transmembrane receptors. The T cell receptor-CD3 complex is unique in having ten cytoplasmic immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motifs (ITAMs). CD3D contains 1 ITAM domain and has been shown to interact with CD8A. In the mouse, knockout of CD3delta allows some degree of T lymphocyte differentiation since mature CD4 and CD8 as well as TCRgammadelta T lymphocytes are observed in the periphery. In contrast, deleterious mutation of the CD3delta encoding gene in the human leads to a severe combined immunodeficiency characterised by the complete absence of mature T cell subpopulations including TCRalpha/beta and TCRgamma/delta. Defects in CD3D cause severe combined immunodeficiency autosomal recessive T-cell-negative/B-cell-positive/NK-cell-positive (T-/B+/NK+ SCID) which is a genetically and clinically heterogeneous group of rare congenital disorders characterized by impairment of both humoral and cell-mediated immunity, leukopenia, and low or absent antibody levels. In humans the absence of CD3 delta results in a complete arrest in thymocyte development at the stage of double negative to double positive transition and the development of gamma delta T-cell receptor-positive T cells is also impaired.

Immune Checkpoint   Immunotherapy   Cancer Immunotherapy   Targeted Therapy

Synonym: CD3 delta;CD3-DELTA;IMD19;T3D

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Molecular Weight: 37.8 kDa

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NCBI Accession: [NP\\_000723](#)

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Pathways: [TCR Signaling, CXCR4-mediated Signaling Events](#)

## Application Details

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Restrictions: For Research Use only

## Handling

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Format: Lyophilized

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Reconstitution: Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

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## Handling

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Buffer: Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

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Storage: 4 °C,-20 °C,-80 °C

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Storage Comment: Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.