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## Datasheet for ABIN7318482 FGF19 Protein (His tag)

### Overview

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Quantity:                     | 100 µg                                       |
| Target:                       | FGF19  |
| Origin:                       | Human  |
| Source:                       | Escherichia coli (E. coli)                   |
| Protein Type:                 | Recombinant                                  |
| Biological Activity:          | Active                                       |
| Purification tag / Conjugate: | This FGF19 protein is labelled with His tag. |

### Product Details

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| Purpose:                     | Recombinant Human FGF-19/FGF9 Protein (His Tag)(Active)   |
| Sequence:                    | Phe27-Lys216  |
| Characteristics:             | Recombinant Human Fibroblast growth factor 19 is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Phe27-Lys216 is expressed with a 6His tag at the N-terminus. |
| Purity:                      | > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.  |
| Endotoxin Level:             | < 1.0 EU per µg as determined by the LAL method.  |
| Biological Activity Comment: | Immobilized Human FGF-19-His at 2µg/ml(100 µl/well) can bind Human FGFR3-Fc(Cat: PKSH033678). The ED50 of Human FGF-19-His is 3.1135 ug/ml.   |

### Target Details

|         |       |
|---------|-------|
| Target: | FGF19 |
|---------|-------|

## Target Details

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Alternative Name: | FGF-19 ( <a href="#">FGF19 Products</a> )   |
| Background:       | <p>Background: Fibroblast growth factor 19 (FGF19) is a secreted protein which belongs to the FGFs family. FGF19 is expressed in fetal brain, cartilage, retina, and adult gall bladder. FGFs modulate cellular activity via at least 5 distinct subfamilies of high-affinity FGF receptors (FGFRs): FGFR-1, -2, -3, and -4, all with intrinsic tyrosine kinase activity. FGFRs can be important for regulation of glucose and lipid homeostasis. FGF19 has important roles as a hormone produced in the ileum in response to bile acid absorption. It has been shown to cause resistance to diet-induced obesity and insulin desensitization and to improve insulin, glucose, and lipid profiles in diabetic rodents. FGF19 can be considered as a regulator of energy expenditure.</p> <p>Synonym: Fibroblast growth factor 19, FGF-19, FGF19</p> |
| Molecular Weight: | 23.5 kDa  |
| UniProt:          | <a href="#">O95750</a>  |
| Pathways:         | <a href="#">RTK Signaling</a> , <a href="#">Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway</a> , <a href="#">EGFR Signaling Pathway</a> , <a href="#">Neurotrophin Signaling Pathway</a>   |

## Application Details

|               |                       |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| Comment:      | 24 kDa                |
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |

## Handling

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| Format:          | Lyophilized   |
| Reconstitution:  | Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.  |
| Buffer:          | Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM PB, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4.   |
| Storage:         | 4 °C, -20 °C, -80 °C  |
| Storage Comment: | Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months. |