

Datasheet for ABIN7320102

VNN1 Protein (Fc Tag)[Go to Product page](#)**1** Image

Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	VNN1
Origin:	Mouse
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This VNN1 protein is labelled with Fc Tag.

Product Details

Purpose:	Recombinant Mouse VNN1/Vanin-1 Protein (Fc Tag)
Sequence:	Met 1-Ser 487
Characteristics:	A DNA sequence encoding the mouse VNN1 (Q9Z0K8) (Met 1-Ser 487), without the pro peptide, was fused with the Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus.
Purity:	> 96 % as determined by SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin Level:	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Target Details

Target:	VNN1
Alternative Name:	VNN1/Vanin-1 (VNN1 Products)
Background:	Background: Pantetheinase, also known as Pantetheine hydrolase, Vascular non-inflammatory molecule 1, Vanin-1, and VNN1, is a cell membrane protein which belongs to the CN hydrolase family and BTD/VNN subfamily. Vanin-1 contains one CN hydrolase domain. It is widely

Target Details

expressed with higher expression in spleen, kidney and blood. It is overexpressed in lesional psoriatic skin. Vanin-1 is also a member of the Vanin family of proteins which share extensive sequence similarity with each other, and also with biotinidase. The family includes secreted and membrane-associated proteins, a few of which have been reported to participate in hematopoietic cell trafficking. No biotinidase activity has been demonstrated for any of the vanin proteins, however, they possess pantetheinase activity, which may play a role in oxidative-stress response. Vanin-1 is an epithelial pantetheinase that provides cysteamine to tissue and regulates response to stress. Vanin-1 is expressed by enterocytes, and its absence limits intestinal epithelial cell production of proinflammatory signals. Vanin-1 regulates late adhesion steps of thymus homing under physiological, noninflammatory conditions. The early impact of vanin-1 deficiency on tumor induction was directly correlated to the amount of inflammation and subsequent epithelial proliferation rather than cell death rate. Vanin-1 Molecule was shown to be involved in the control of thymus reconstitution following sublethal irradiation.

Synonym: V-1

Molecular Weight: 79 kDa

UniProt: [Q9Z0K8](#)

Pathways: [Negative Regulation of intrinsic apoptotic Signaling](#)

Application Details

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

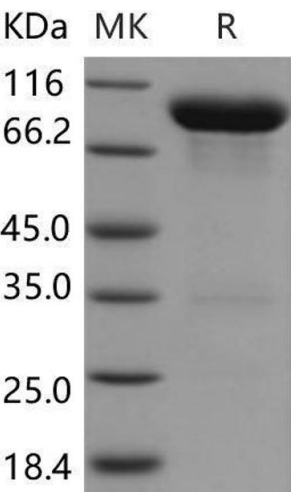
Format: Lyophilized

Reconstitution: Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Buffer: Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Storage: 4 °C, -20 °C, -80 °C

Storage Comment: Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.



Western Blotting

Image 1.