# antibodies -online.com







### CD36 Protein (CD36) (His tag,Fc Tag)



#### Image



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Quantity:	100 μg	
Target:	CD36	
Origin:	Mouse	
Source:	HEK-293 Cells	
Protein Type:	Recombinant	
Biological Activity:	Active	
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This CD36 protein is labelled with His tag,Fc Tag.	

#### **Product Details**

Purpose:	Recombinant Mouse CD36/SCARB3 Protein (His & Fc Tag)(Active)	
Sequence:	Gly 30-Lys 439	
Characteristics:	A DNA sequence encoding the extracellular domain of mouse CD36 (NP_001153030.1) (Gly 30-Lys 439) was fused with the C-terminal polyhistidine-tagged Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus.	
Purity:	> 88 % as determined by SDS-PAGE	
Endotoxin Level:	< 1.0 EU per $\mu g$ of the protein as determined by the LAL method.	
Biological Activity Comment:	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized human RSP01 at 20 $\mu$ g/ml (100 $\mu$ l/well) can bind mouse CD36 Fc chimera with a linear ranger of 6.4-800 ng/ml.	

#### **Target Details**

Target:	CD36	

#### Target Details

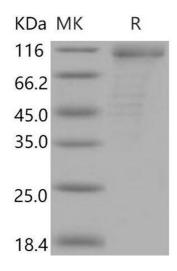
Alternative Name:	CD36/SCARB3 (CD36 Products)	
Background:	Background: The cluster of differentiation (CD) system is commonly used as cell markers in	
	immunophynotyping. Different kinds of cells in the immune system can be identified through	
	the surface CD molecules which associating with the immune function of the cell. There are	
	more than 320 CD unique clusters and subclusters have been identified. Some of the CD	
	molecules serve as receptors or ligands important to the cell through initiating a signal cascade	
	which then alter the behavior of the cell. Some CD proteins do not take part in cell signal	
	process but have other functions such as cell adhesion. Cluster of differentiation 36 (CD36),	
	also known as FAT, SCARB3, GP88, glycoprotein IV (gpIV) and glycoprotein IIIb (gpIIIb), is a	
	member of the CD system as well as the class B scavenger receptor family of cell surface	
	proteins. CD36 can be found on the surface of many cell types in vertebrate animals and it	
	consists of 472 amino acids and is extensively glycosylated. It is an integral membrane protein	
	primarily serving as receptors for thrombospondin and collagen and by the erythrocytes	
	infected with the human malaria parasite. The role of CD36 as a cell surface receptor has been	
	extended to that of a signal transduction molecule.	
	Synonym: FAT,GPIV,Scarb3	
Molecular Weight:	74.5 kDa	
NCBI Accession:	NP_001153030	
Pathways:	TLR Signaling, Peptide Hormone Metabolism, Response to Growth Hormone Stimulus,	
	Activation of Innate immune Response, Cellular Response to Molecule of Bacterial Origin,	
	Regulation of Lipid Metabolism by PPARalpha, Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process,	
	Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response, Hepatitis C, Toll-Like Receptors	
	Cascades, Lipid Metabolism, S100 Proteins	
Application Details		
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Lyophilized	
Reconstitution:	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.	
	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4	
Buffer:	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4	

#### Handling

Storage Comment:

Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 $^{\circ}$ C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8 $^{\circ}$ C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20 $^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.

#### **Images**



## Western Blotting Image 1.