

Datasheet for ABIN7320294

CD3D Protein (Fc Tag)





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Quantity:	100 μg	
Target:	CD3D	
Origin:	Mouse	
Source:	HEK-293 Cells	
Protein Type:	Recombinant	
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This CD3D protein is labelled with Fc Tag.	
Product Details		
Purpose:	Recombinant Mouse CD3d/CD3 delta Protein (Fc Tag)	
Sequence:	Met1-Ala105	
Characteristics:	A DNA sequence encoding the mouse CD3D (P04235) (Met1-Ala105) was expressed, fused	
	with the Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus.	
Purity:	> 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE	
Endotoxin Level:	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.	
Target Details		
Target:	CD3D	
Alternative Name:	CD3d/CD3 delta (CD3D Products)	
Background:	Background: T-cell surface glycoprotein CD3 delta chain, also known as CD3D, is a single-pass	
	type I membrane protein. CD3D, together with CD3-gamma, CD3-epsilon and CD3-zeta, and the	
	T-cell receptor alpha/beta and gamma/delta heterodimers, forms the T cell receptor-CD3	

complex. The majority of T cell receptor (TCR) complexes in mice and humans consist of a heterodimer of polymorphic TCRalpha and beta chains along with invariant CD3gamma, delta, epsilon, and zeta chains. CD3 chains are present as CD3gammaepsilon, deltaepsilon, and zetazeta dimers in the receptor complex and play critical roles in the antigen receptor assembly, transport to the cell surface, and the receptor-mediated signal transduction. T cell receptor-CD3 complex plays an important role in coupling antigen recognition to several intracellular signal-transduction pathways. This complex is critical for T-cell development and function, and represents one of the most complex transmembrane receptors. The T cell receptor-CD3 complex is unique in having ten cytoplasmic immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motifs (ITAMs). CD3D contains 1 ITAM domain and has been shown to interact with CD8A. In the mouse, knockout of CD3delta allows some degree of T lymphocyte differentiation since mature CD4 and CD8 as well as TCRgammadelta T lymphocytes are observed in the periphery. In contrast, deleterious mutation of the CD3delta encoding gene in the human leads to a severe combined immunodeficiency characterised by the complete absence of mature T cell subpopulations including TCRalpha/beta and TCRgamma/delta. Defects in CD3D cause severe combined immunodeficiency autosomal recessive T-cell-negative/B-cell-positive/NKcell-positive (T-/B+/NK+ SCID) which is a genetically and clinically heterogeneous group of rare congenital disorders characterized by impairment of both humoral and cell-mediated immunity, leukopenia, and low or absent antibody levels. In humans the absence of CD3 delta results in a complete arrest in thymocyte development at the stage of double negative to double positive transition and the development of gamma delta T-cell receptor-positive T cells is also impaired.Immune Checkpoint Immunotherapy Cancer Immunotherapy Targeted Therapy Synonym: T3d

Molecular Weight: 36.4 kDa
UniProt: P04235

Pathways: TCR Signaling, CXCR4-mediated Signaling Events

Application Details

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

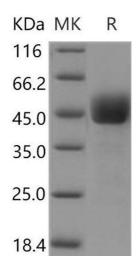
Format: Lyophilized

Reconstitution: Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Handling

Buffer:	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1.