

Datasheet for ABIN7320913

BAFF Protein





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| Quantity: | 50 μg |
|---------------|-----------------|
| Target: | BAFF (TNFSF13B) |
| Origin: | Mouse |
| Source: | Human Cells |
| Protein Type: | Recombinant |

Product Details

| Purpose: | Recombinant Mouse TNFSF13B/BAFF/CD257 (N-mFc) |
|------------------|--|
| Sequence: | Ala127-Leu309 |
| Characteristics: | Recombinant Mouse TNF Ligand Superfamily Member 13B is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Ala127-Leu309 is expressed with a mFc tag at the N-terminus. |
| Purity: | >95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. |
| Endotoxin Level: | < 1.0 EU per µg as determined by the LAL method. |

Target Details

| Target: | BAFF (TNFSF13B) |
|-------------------|---|
| Alternative Name: | TNFSF13B/BAFF/CD257 (TNFSF13B Products) |
| Background: | Background: TNFSF13B/TNFSF20 belongs to the tumor necrosis factor family. It abundantly is expressed in peripheral blood Leukocytes and is specifically expressed in monocytes and macrophages. Also found in the spleen, lymph node, bone marrow, T-cells and dendritic cells. A |

lower expression seen in placenta, heart, lung, fetal liver, thymus, and pancreas. Isoform 2 is expressed in many myeloid cell lines. Cytokine that binds to TNFRSF13B/TACI and TNFRSF17/BCMA. TNFSF13/APRIL binds to the same 2 receptors. Together, they form a 2 ligands -2 receptors pathway involved in the stimulation of B- and T-cell function and the regulation of humoral immunity. A third B-cell specific BAFF-receptor (BAFFR/BR3) promotes the survival of mature B-cells and the B-cell response. Isoform 2 seems to inhibit isoform 1 secretion and bioactivity. Isoform 3 acts as a transcription factor for its own parent gene, in association with NF-kappa-B p50 subunit, at least in autoimmune and proliferative B-cell diseases. The presence of Delta4BAFF is essential for soluble BAFF release by IFNG/IFNgamma-stimulated monocytes and for B-cell survival. It can directly or indirectly regulate the differential expression of a large number of genes involved in the innate immune response and the regulation of apoptosis. Isoform 2 heteromultimerizes with isoform 1, probably limiting the amount of functional isoform 1 on the cell surface. Isoform 3 is unlikely form trimers or bind to BAFF receptors. Mature human BAFF consists of a 46 amino acid (aa) cytoplasmic domain, a 21 aa transmembrane segment, and a 218 aa extracellular domain (ECD) with a stalk region and one TNF-like domain. Within aa 134-285 of the ECD, human BAFF shares 72 % aa sequence identity with mouse BAFF.

Synonym: Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 13B, B lymphocyte stimulator, BLyS, B-cell-activating factor, BAFF, Dendritic cell-derived TNF-like molecule, TNF- and APOL-related leukocyte expressed ligand 1, TALL-1

Molecular Weight: 46.9 kDa
UniProt: 09WU72

Pathways: NF-kappaB Signaling, Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response

Application Details

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

| Format: | Lyophilized |
|-----------------|--|
| Reconstitution: | Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information. |
| Buffer: | Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. |
| Storage: | 4 °C,-20 °C,-80 °C |

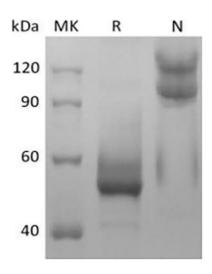
Handling

Storage Comment:

Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1.