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Datasheet for ABIN7383889

anti-BEBOV GP antibody



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- Overview	
Quantity:	50 μL
Target:	BEBOV GP
Reactivity:	Ebola Virus
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This BEBOV GP antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA
Product Details	
Immunogen:	Recombinant EBOV (subtype Bundibugyo, strain Uganda 2007) GP1 / Glycoprotein Protein (His Tag), ABIN7198902
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	Anti-Ebola virus EBOV(subtype Bundibugyo, strain Uganda 2007) Glycoprotein/GP Polyclonal Antibody
Purification:	Antigen Affinity
Target Details	
Target:	BEBOV GP
Alternative Name:	BEBOV Glycoprotein/GP (BEBOV GP Products)
Background:	Glycoprotein,GP,The fourth gene of the EBOV genome encodes a 16- kDa envelope-attached glycoprotein (GP) and a 11 kDa secreted glycoprotein (sGP). Both GP and sGP have an identical

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295-residue N-terminus, however, they have different C-terminal sequences. Recently, great attention has been paid to GP for vaccines design and entry inhibitors isolation. GP is a class I fusion protein which assembles as trimers on viral surface and plays an important role in virus entry and attachment. Mature GP is a disulfide-linked heterodimer formed by two subunits, GP1 and GP2, which are generated from the proteolytical process of GP precursor (pre-GP) by cellular furin during virus assembly . The GP1 subunit contains a mucin domain and a receptor-binding domain (RBD), the GP2 subunit has a fusion peptide, a helical heptad-repeat (HR) region, a transmembrane (TM) domain, and a 4-residue cytoplasmic tail. The RBD of GP1 mediates the interaction of EBOV with cellular receptor (e.g. DC-SIGN/LSIGN, TIM-1, hMGL, NPC1, β -integrins, folate receptor- α , and Tyro3 family receptors), of which TIM1 and NPC1 are essential for EBOV entry, the mucin domain having N- and O-linked glycans enhances the viral attachment to cellular hMGL, and participates in shielding key neutralization epitopes, which helps the virus evades immune elimination. There are large conformation changes of GP2 during membrane fusion, which enhance the insertion of fusion loop into cellular membrane and facilitate the release of viral nucleocapsid core to cytoplasm.

Application Details

Application Notes:	WB 1:500-1:2000 ELISA 1:5000-1:10000
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Concentration:	1 mg/mL
Buffer:	0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.