

Datasheet for ABIN740252

anti-KCNJ11 antibody (AA 301-390) (Biotin)



Go to Product page

_			
()	V/C	rv	٨/

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	KCNJ11
Binding Specificity:	AA 301-390
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This KCNJ11 antibody is conjugated to Biotin
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p))
Product Details	
Product Details Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Kir62
	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Kir62
Immunogen:	
Immunogen: Isotype:	IgG
Immunogen: Isotype: Cross-Reactivity:	IgG Human, Mouse, Rat
Immunogen: Isotype: Cross-Reactivity: Predicted Reactivity:	IgG Human, Mouse, Rat Dog,Cow,Rabbit
Immunogen: Isotype: Cross-Reactivity: Predicted Reactivity: Purification:	IgG Human, Mouse, Rat Dog,Cow,Rabbit
Immunogen: Isotype: Cross-Reactivity: Predicted Reactivity: Purification: Target Details	IgG Human, Mouse, Rat Dog,Cow,Rabbit Purified by Protein A.

mBIR, BIR, HHF 2, HHF2, IKATP, Inward rectier K+ channel Kir6.2, Inwardly rectying potassium channel KIR6.2, IRK 11, IRK11, KCNJ11, Kir 6.2, Kir6.2, MGC133230, PHHI, Potassium channel, inwardly rectying subfamily J member 11, Potassium inwardly rectying channel J11, TNDM 3, TNDM3, IRK11_HUMAN.

Background: Potassium channels are present in most mammalian cells, where they participate in a wide range of physiologic responses. The protein encoded by this gene is an integral membrane protein and inward-rectifier type potassium channel. The encoded protein, which has a greater tendency to allow potassium to flow into a cell rather than out of a cell, is controlled by G-proteins and is found associated with the sulfonylurea receptor SUR. Mutations in this gene are a cause of familial persistent hyperinsulinemic hypoglycemia of infancy (PHHI), an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by unregulated insulin secretion. Defects in this gene may also contribute to autosomal dominant non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus type II (NIDDM), transient neonatal diabetes mellitus type 3 (TNDM3), and permanent neonatal diabetes mellitus (PNDM). Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants that encode different protein isoforms have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq]

Gene ID: 3767

UniProt: Q14654

Pathways: Negative Regulation of Hormone Secretion

Application Details

Application Notes: WB 1:300-5000

IHC-P 1:200-400

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	1 μg/μL	
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.	
Preservative:	ProClin	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.	

Handling

Storage:	-20 °C	
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C for 12 months.	
Expiry Date:	12 months	