.-online.com antibodies

## Datasheet for ABIN7454222 TUB Protein (AA 1-506) (His tag)



$\sim$		•	
( )	ver	10	A /
	VEL	VIE	
$\sim$	V CI	VIC	v v

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	TUB
Protein Characteristics:	AA 1-506
Origin:	Human
Source:	Escherichia coli (E. coli)
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This TUB protein is labelled with His tag.

## Product Details

Purpose:	Human Tubby Protein
Sequence:	Met1-Glu506
Characteristics:	Recombinant Human Tubby Protein is expressed from E.coli with His tag at the N-Terminus.It contains Met1-Glu506.
Purity:	> 95 % as determined by Tris-Bis PAGE
Sterility:	0.22 µm filtered
Endotoxin Level:	Less than 1EU per $\mu g$ by the LAL method.
Target Details	

Target:	TUB
Alternative Name:	Tubby (TUB Products)

Order at www.antibodies-online.com | www.antikoerper-online.de | www.anticorps-enligne.fr | www.antibodies-online.cn International: +49 (0)241 95 163 153 | USA & Canada: +1 877 302 8632 | support@antibodies-online.com Page 1/2 | Product datasheet for ABIN7454222 | 01/18/2024 | Copyright antibodies-online. All rights reserved.

Target Details	
Background:	Tubby is the founding member of the tubby-like family of proteins. Tubby-like proteins (TLPs) possess a highly conserved closed $\beta$ barrel tubby domain at C-terminal and N-terminal F-box. Tubby plays a critical role in trafficking select GPCRs to the cilia.
Molecular Weight:	56.74 kDa same as Tris-Bis PAGE result.
Pathways:	RTK Signaling, Sensory Perception of Sound
Application Details	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	Supplied as 0.22µm filtered solution in 20 mM Tris, 300 mM NaCl, 10 % Glycerol, 1 mM DTT ( pH 7.4).
Preservative:	Dithiothreitol (DTT)
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Dithiothreitol (DTT): a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Valid for 12 months from date of receipt when stored at -80°C.,Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.