

# Datasheet for ABIN7455939

### **MC4R Protein**

2 Images



#### Overview

| Quantity:     | 10 μg              |
|---------------|--------------------|
|               | - 70               |
| Target:       | MC4R               |
| Origin:       | Human              |
| Source:       | HEK-293 Cells      |
| Protein Type: | Synthetic Nanodisc |

### **Product Details**

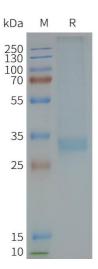
| Purpose:         | Human MC4R full length protein-synthetic nanodisc   |
|------------------|---|
| Characteristics: | Unlike other membrane scaffold protein (MSP) Nanodisc on the market, our synthetic Nanodisc       |
|                  | can be prepared directly from the cells. The polymers used during this process have a dual        |
|                  | function. It dissolves the cell membranes, like the detergent, and uses cellular phospholipids to |
|                  | form Nanodisc around the membrane proteins. The target protein embedded Nanodiscs can             |
|                  | then be purified.   |

#### **Target Details**

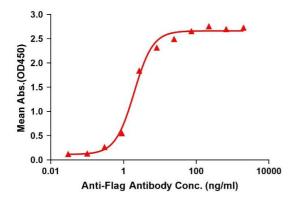
| Target:           | MC4R   |
|-------------------|--|
| Alternative Name: | MC4R (MC4R Products)   |
| Background:       | The protein is a membrane-bound receptor and member of the melanocortin receptor family.       |
|                   | The encoded protein interacts with adrenocorticotropic and MSH hormones and is mediated by     |
|                   | G proteins. This is an intronless gene. Defects in this gene are a cause of autosomal dominant |
|                   | obesity.   |
| Molecular Weight: | The human full length MC4R protein has a MW of 36.9 kDa  |

# **Target Details**

| rarget betano       |   |
|---------------------|---|
| UniProt:            | P32245  |
| Pathways:           | Hormone Transport, cAMP Metabolic Process, Feeding Behaviour  |
| Application Details |   |
| Comment:            | Advantages of Synthetic Nanodiscs:  |
|                     | <ul><li>Highly purified membrane proteins</li><li>High solubility in aqueous solutions</li><li>High stability</li></ul> |
|                     | Proteins are in a native membrane environment and remain biologically active  |
|                     | No detergent and can be used for cell-based assays  |
|                     | No MSP backbone proteins  |
|                     | Limitations of Synthetic Nanodiscs:   |
|                     | Intolerant to acids and high concentrations of divalent metal ions  |
| Restrictions:       | For Research Use only   |
| Handling            |   |
| Format:             | Lyophilized   |
| Buffer:             | Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0).                                  |
|                     | Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization.   |
| Storage:            | -20 °C,-80 °C   |
| Storage Comment:    | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for                    |
|                     | use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing).                                   |
|                     | Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.  |
| Expiry Date:        | 12 months   |



# ELISA assay to evaluate MC4R-Nanodisc 0.2µg Human MC4R-Nanodisc per well



#### SDS-PAGE

Image 1. Human MC4R-Nanodisc, Flag Tag on SDS-PAGE

#### **ELISA**

Image 2. Elisa plates were pre-coated with Flag Tag MC4R-Nanodisc (0.2 μg/per well). Serial diluted anti-Flag monoclonal antibody solutions were added, washed, and incubated with secondary antibody before Elisa reading. From above data, the EC50 for anti-Flag monoclonal antibody binding with MC4R-Nanodisc is 1.957 ng/mL.