

Datasheet for ABIN746783

anti-VEGFR2/CD309 antibody (pTyr1175)

1 Image



Overview

Overview	
Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	VEGFR2/CD309 (VEGFR2)
Binding Specificity:	pTyr1175
Reactivity:	Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This VEGFR2/CD309 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA
Product Details	
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide derived from human VEGFR2 around the
	phosphorylation site of Tyr1175
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	This phosphorylation site is homologous to that of Ser1173 in Mouse and Ser1171 in Rat.
Cross-Reactivity:	Mouse, Rat
Predicted Reactivity:	Dog,Cow,Pig,Horse,Rabbit
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.
Target Details	
Target:	VEGFR2/CD309 (VEGFR2)

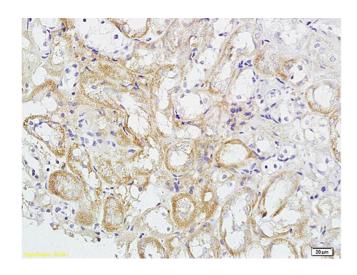
Target Details

Alternative Name:	VEGFR2 (VEGFR2 Products)
Background:	Synonyms: FLK1, CD309, VEGFR, VEGFR2, Vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 2,
	VEGFR-2, Fetal liver kinase 1, FLK-1, Kinase insert domain receptor, KDR, Protein-tyrosine
	kinase receptor flk-1
	Background: Tyrosine-protein kinase that acts as a cell-surface receptor for VEGFA, VEGFC and
	VEGFD. Plays an essential role in the regulation of angiogenesis, vascular development,
	vascular permeability, and embryonic hematopoiesis. Promotes proliferation, survival, migratic
	and differentiation of endothelial cells. Promotes reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton.
	Isoforms lacking a transmembrane domain, such as isoform 2 and isoform 3, may function as
	decoy receptors for VEGFA, VEGFC and/or VEGFD. Isoform 2 plays an important role as
	negative regulator of VEGFA- and VEGFC-mediated lymphangiogenesis by limiting the amount
	of free VEGFA and/or VEGFC and preventing their binding to FLT4. Modulates FLT1 and FLT4
	signaling by forming heterodimers. Binding of vascular growth factors to isoform 1 leads to the
	activation of several signaling cascades. Activation of PLCG1 leads to the production of the
	cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate and the activation o
	protein kinase C. Mediates activation of MAPK1/ERK2, MAPK3/ERK1 and the MAP kinase
	signaling pathway, as well as of the AKT1 signaling pathway. Mediates phosphorylation of
	PIK3R1, the regulatory subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase, reorganization of the actin
	cytoskeleton and activation of PTK2/FAK1. Required for VEGFA-mediated induction of NOS2
	and NOS3, leading to the production of the signaling molecule nitric oxide (NO) by endothelial
	cells. Phosphorylates PLCG1. Promotes phosphorylation of FYN, NCK1, NOS3, PIK3R1,
	PTK2/FAK1 and SRC.
Gene ID:	3791
UniProt:	P35968
Pathways:	RTK Signaling, Glycosaminoglycan Metabolic Process, Signaling Events mediated by VEGFR1
	and VEGFR2, Growth Factor Binding, Regulation of long-term Neuronal Synaptic Plasticity,
	VEGF Signaling
Application Details	
Application Notes:	WB 1:300-5000
	ELISA 1:500-1000
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months

Images



Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. Formalin-fixed and paraffin embedded mouse kidney tissue labeled with Anti phospho-VEGFR2 (Tyr1175) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (ABIN746783) at 1:200 followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody and DAB staining