antibodies -online.com





anti-PRPF31 antibody (C-Term)



Go to Product page

| Quantity: | 100 μL |
|-------------------------|--|
| Target: | PRPF31 |
| Binding Specificity: | C-Term |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This PRPF31 antibody is un-conjugated |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), Immunoprecipitation (IP) |
| Product Details | |
| Immunogen: | Carrier-protein conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-terminus |
| | region of human PRPF31. The exact sequence is proprietary. |
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Cross-Reactivity: | Human |
| Purification: | Purified by antigen-affinity chromatography. |
| | |
| Target Details | |
| Target Details Target: | PRPF31 |
| | PRPF31 PRPF31 (PRPF31 Products) |

Target Details

| rarget Details | |
|---------------------|--|
| | Background: This gene encodes a component of the spliceosome complex and is one of several retinitis pigmentosa-causing genes. When the gene product is added to the spliceosome complex, activation occurs. |
| Molecular Weight: | 55 kDa |
| Gene ID: | 26121 |
| UniProt: | Q8WWY3 |
| Pathways: | Ribonucleoprotein Complex Subunit Organization |
| Application Details | |
| Application Notes: | WB: 1:500-1:3000. Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the researcher. Not tested in other applications. |
| Comment: | Positive Control: NT2D1 |
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |
| Handling | |
| Format: | Liquid |
| Concentration: | 1 mg/mL |
| Buffer: | 0.1M Tris-Glycine (pH 7), 10 % Glycerol, 0.01 % Thimerosal |
| Preservative: | Thimerosal (Merthiolate) |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains Thimerosal (Merthiolate): a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage: | 4 °C,-20 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Store as concentrated solution. Centrifuge briefly prior to opening vial. For short-term storage (1-2 weeks), store at 4°C. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles. |