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# Datasheet for ABIN7491677

## **GRM7 Protein**



#### Overview

| Quantity:     | 100 μg        |
|---------------|---------------|
| Target:       | GRM7          |
| Origin:       | Human         |
| Source:       | HEK-293 Cells |
| Protein Type: | Synthetic     |

## **Product Details**

| Purpose:         | Human GRM7 full length protein-synthetic nanodisc       |
|------------------|---|
| Characteristics: | Full Length Transmembrane Proteins (synthetic Nanodisc) |

## **Target Details**

Target:

GRM7

| Alternative Name: | GRM7 (GRM7 Products)   |
|-------------------|--|
| Background:       | GLUR7, GPRC1G, MGLU7, MGLUR7, NEDSHBA,   |
|                   | Description: PPP1R87L-glutamate is the major excitatory neurotransmitter in the central        |
|                   | nervous system, and it activates both ionotropic and metabotropic glutamate receptors.         |
|                   | Glutamatergic neurotransmission is involved in most aspects of normal brain function and can   |
|                   | be perturbed in many neuropathologic conditions. The metabotropic glutamate receptors are a    |
|                   | family of G protein-coupled receptors that have been divided into three groups on the basis of |
|                   | sequence homology, putative signal transduction mechanisms, and pharmacologic properties.      |
|                   | Group I includes GRM1 and GRM5, and these receptors have been shown to activate                |

phospholipase C. Group II includes GRM2 and GRM3, while Group III includes GRM4, GRM6,

## **Target Details**

Expiry Date:

| Larget Details      |   |
|---------------------|---|
|                     | GRM7 and GRM8. Group II and III receptors are linked to the inhibition of the cyclic AMP cascade but differ in their agonist selectivities. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2009]  |
| Molecular Weight:   | The human full length GRM7 protein has a MW of 102.7 kDa  |
| UniProt:            | Q14831  |
| Pathways:           | Sensory Perception of Sound, cAMP Metabolic Process, Feeding Behaviour  |
| Application Details |   |
| Application Notes:  | <ul> <li>Applications for VLPs:</li> <li>ELISA</li> <li>SPR affinity analysis</li> <li>Phage display screening</li> <li>Immunization</li> <li>Cell based assays</li> <li>CAR-T cell screening</li> <li>Protein cystal structure analysis</li> </ul>   |
| Comment:            | Synthetic Nanodisc can be prepared directly from the cells. The polymers used during this process have a dual function. It dissolves the cell membranes, like the detergent, and uses cellular phospholipids to form Nanodisc around the membrane proteins. The target protein embedded Nanodiscs can then be purified. |
| Restrictions:       | For Research Use only   |
| Handling            |   |
| Format:             | Liquid  |
| Buffer:             | Supplied in nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0)  |
| Storage:            | -20 °C,-80 °C   |
| Storage Comment:    | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended fo use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing).  Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.   |
| Evein Deter         | 10 months   |

12 months