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Datasheet for ABIN749965
anti-SLIT2 antibody (AA 451-550) (Biotin)

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	SLIT2
Binding Specificity:	AA 451-550
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This SLIT2 antibody is conjugated to Biotin
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro))

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Slit2
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Rat
Predicted Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

Target:	SLIT2
Alternative Name:	SLIT2/Slit3 (SLIT2 Products)

Target Details

Background: Synonyms: SLIL3, Slit-2, Slit homolog 2 protein, SLIT2

Background: Thought to act as molecular guidance cue in cellular migration, and function appears to be mediated by interaction with roundabout homolog receptors. During neural development involved in axonal navigation at the ventral midline of the neural tube and projection of axons to different regions. SLIT1 and SLIT2 seem to be essential for midline guidance in the forebrain by acting as repulsive signal preventing inappropriate midline crossing by axons projecting from the olfactory bulb. In spinal chord development may play a role in guiding commissural axons once they reached the floor plate by modulating the response to netrin. In vitro, silences the attractive effect of NTN1 but not its growth-stimulatory effect and silencing requires the formation of a ROBO1-DCC complex. May be implicated in spinal chord midline post-crossing axon repulsion. In vitro, only commissural axons that crossed the midline responded to SLIT2. In the developing visual system appears to function as repellent for retinal ganglion axons by providing a repulsion that directs these axons along their appropriate paths prior to, and after passage through, the optic chiasm. In vitro, collapses and repels retinal ganglion cell growth cones. Seems to play a role in branching and arborization of CNS sensory axons, and in neuronal cell migration. In vitro, Slit homolog 2 protein N-product, but not Slit homolog 2 protein C-product, repels olfactory bulb (OB) but not dorsal root ganglia (DRG) axons, induces OB growth cones collapse and induces branching of DRG axons. Seems to be involved in regulating leukocyte migration.

Gene ID: 9353

UniProt: [O94813](#)

Pathways: [Regulation of Actin Filament Polymerization](#), [Regulation of Cell Size](#), [Smooth Muscle Cell Migration](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: WB 1:300-5000
IHC-P 1:200-400
IHC-F 1:100-500

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Concentration: 1 µg/µL

Handling

Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C for 12 months.
Expiry Date:	12 months