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## **IgG1 Protein (His tag)**



#### Overview

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	lgG1
Origin:	Human
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Biological Activity:	Active
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This IgG1 protein is labelled with His tag.

#### **Product Details**

Purpose:	Active Recombinant Human IgG1 Protein
Sequence:	PKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLG GPSVFLFPPK PKDTLMISRT PEVTCVVVDV SHEDPEVKFN
	WYVDGVEVHN AKTKPREEQY NSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNG KEYKCKVSNK ALPAPIEKTI
	SKAKGQPREP QVYTLPPSRD ELTKNQVSLT CLVKGFYPSD IAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTTPP
	VLDSDGSFFL YSKLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCS VMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPG K
Specificity:	Pro100-Lys330
Purity:	> 95 % by SDS-PAGE.
Sterility:	0.22 µm filtered
Endotoxin Level:	<0.1EU/µg
Biological Activity Comment:	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized Human Fc-gamma RII-
	a(CD32a) at 1 $\mu$ g/mL (100 $\mu$ L/well) can bind IgG1 Fc with a linear range of 0.156-3.47 $\mu$ g/mL.

### Target Details

Target:	lgG1
Abstract:	IgG1 Products
Target Type:	Antibody
Background:	Description: As a monomeric immunoglobulin that is predominately involved in the secondary
	antibody response and the only isotype that can pass through the human placenta,
	Immunoglobulin G (IgG) is synthesized and secreted by plasma B cells, and constitutes $75\%$ of
	serum immunoglobulins in humans. IgG antibodies protect the body against the pathogens by
	agglutination and immobilization, complement activation, toxin neutralization, as well as
	antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC). IgG tetramer contains two heavy chains
	(5 kDa ) and two light chains (25 kDa) linked by disulfide bonds, that is the two identical halves
	form the Y-like shape. IgG is digested by pepsin proteolysis into Fab fragment (antigen-binding
	fragment) and Fc fragment ("crystallizable" fragment). IgG1 is most abundant in serum among
	the four IgG subclasses (IgG1, 2, 3 and 4) and binds to Fc receptors (Fc $\gamma$ R ) on phagocytic cells
	with high affinity. Fc fragment is demonstrated to mediate phagocytosis, trigger inflammation,
	and target Ig to particular tissues. Protein G or Protein A on the surface of certain
	Staphylococcal and Streptococcal strains specifically binds with the Fc region of IgGs, and has
	numerous applications in biotechnology as a reagent for affinity purification. Recombinant IgG
	Fc Region is suggested to represent a potential anti-inflammatory drug for treatment of human
	autoimmune diseases.
	Name: Human IgG,IGHG1,COB1,YAP,YAP2,YAP65,YKI,YAP1,human IgG (Fc)
Gene ID:	3500
UniProt:	P01857
Application Details	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
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Handling	
Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Centrifuge the vial before opening. Reconstitute to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile
	distilled water. Avoid votex or vigorously pipetting the protein. For long term storage, it is
	recommended to add a carrier protein or stablizer (e.g. 0.1 % BSA, 5 % HSA, 10 % FBS or 5 %
	Trehalose), and aliquot the reconstituted protein solution to minimize free-thaw cycles.

## Handling

Buffer:	Lyophilized from a 0.22 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Storage:	-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Store the lyophilized protein at -20°C to -80°C for long term. After reconstitution, the protein
	solution is stable at -20°C for 3 months, at 2-8°C for up to 1 week.