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FGFR3 Protein (Fc Tag, His tag)



Overview

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	FGFR3
Origin:	Human
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Biological Activity:	Active
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This FGFR3 protein is labelled with Fc Tag,His tag.

Product Details

Purpose:	Active Recombinant Human FGFR-3/CD333 Protein
Sequence:	ESLGTEQRVV GRAAEVPGPE PGQQEQLVFG SGDAVELSCP PPGGGPMGPT VWVKDGTGLV
	PSERVLVGPQ RLQVLNASHE DSGAYSCRQR LTQRVLCHFS VRVTDAPSSG DDEDGEDEAE
	DTGVDTGAPY WTRPERMDKK LLAVPAANTV RFRCPAAGNP TPSISWLKNG REFRGEHRIG
	GIKLRHQQWS LVMESVVPSD RGNYTCVVEN KFGSIRQTYT LDVLERSPHR PILQAGLPAN
	QTAVLGSDVE FHCKVYSDAQ PHIQWLKHVE VNGSKVGPDG TPYVTVLKTA GANTTDKELE
	VLSLHNVTFE DAGEYTCLAG NSIGFSHHSA WLVVLPAEEE LVEADEAGSV YAG
Specificity:	Glu23-Gly375
Purity:	> 90 % by SDS-PAGE.
Sterility:	0.22 µm filtered
Endotoxin Level:	< 0.1 EU/µg of the protein by LAL method.
Biological Activity Comment:	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized Recombinant Human FGF1 at

 $5~\mu g/mL$ (100 $\mu L/well)$ can bind Recombinant Human FGFR3 with a linear range of 0.5-1.5 μ g/mL.

Target Details

Target:	FGFR3
Alternative Name:	FGFR-3/CD333 (FGFR3 Products)
Background:	Description: FGFR3, also known as CD333, is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor
	(FGFR) family, with its amino acid sequence being highly conserved between members and
	among divergent species. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand
	affinities and tissue distribution. FGFRs are transmembrane catalytic receptors that have
	intracellular tyrosine kinase activity. A full-length representative protein would consist of an
	extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic
	membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular
	portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of
	downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. This particular
	family member binds acidic and basic fibroblast growth hormone and plays a role in bone
	development and maintenance. Mutations in FGFR3 gene lead to craniosynostosis and multiple
	types of skeletal dysplasia.
	Name: ACH,CD333,CEK2,HSFGFR3EX,JTK4,FGFR3
Gene ID:	2261
UniProt:	P22607
Pathways:	RTK Signaling, Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway, EGFR Signaling Pathway, Neurotrophin
	Signaling Pathway, Stem Cell Maintenance, Growth Factor Binding
Application Details	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Centrifuge the vial before opening. Reconstitute to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile
	distilled water. Avoid votex or vigorously pipetting the protein. For long term storage, it is
	recommended to add a carrier protein or stablizer (e.g. 0.1 % BSA, 5 % HSA, 10 % FBS or 5 %

Handling

	Trehalose), and aliquot the reconstituted protein solution to minimize free-thaw cycles.
Buffer:	Lyophilized from a 0.22 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Storage:	-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Store the lyophilized protein at -20°C to -80 °C for long term. After reconstitution, the protein solution is stable at -20 °C for 3 months, at 2-8 °C for up to 1 week.