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## BMPR1A Protein (Fc Tag, His tag)



#### Overview

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	BMPR1A
Origin:	Human
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Biological Activity:	Active
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This BMPR1A protein is labelled with Fc Tag,His tag.

#### **Product Details**

Purpose:	Active Recombinant Human BMPR-1A/ALK-3/CD292 Protein
Sequence:	QNLDSMLHGT GMKSDSDQKK SENGVTLAPE DTLPFLKCYC SGHCPDDAIN NTCITNGHCF AIIEEDDQGE TTLASGCMKY EGSDFQCKDS PKAQLRRTIE CCRTNLCNQY LQPTLPPVVI GPFFDGSIR
Specificity:	Gln24-Arg152
Purity:	> 95 % by SDS-PAGE.
Sterility:	0.22 µm filtered
Endotoxin Level:	< 0.1 EU/µg of the protein by LAL method.
Biological Activity Comment:	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized Human ACVR2B at 1 $\mu$ g/mL (100 $\mu$ L/well) can bind Human BMPRIA with a linear range of 0.5-62.5 ng/mL.

### **Target Details**

Target:	BMPR1A
Alternative Name:	BMPR-1A/ALK-3/CD292 (BMPR1A Products)
Background:	Description: The bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) receptors are a family of transmembrane
	serine/threonine kinases that include the type I receptors BMPR1A and BMPR1B and the type I
	receptor BMPR2. These receptors are also closely related to the activin receptors, ACVR1 and
	ACVR2. The ligands of these receptors are members of the TGF-beta superfamily. TGF-betas
	and activins transduce their signals through the formation of heteromeric complexes with 2
	different types of serine (threonine) kinase receptors: type I receptors of about 50-55 kD and
	type II receptors of about 70-80 kD. Type II receptors bind ligands in the absence of type I
	receptors, but they require their respective type I receptors for signaling, whereas type I
	receptors require their respective type II receptors for ligand binding.
	Name: BMPR1A,10q23del,ACVRLK3,ALK3,CD292,SKR5
Gene ID:	657
UniProt:	P36894
Pathways:	Stem Cell Maintenance
Application Details	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Centrifuge the vial before opening. Reconstitute to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile
	distilled water. Avoid votex or vigorously pipetting the protein. For long term storage, it is
	recommended to add a carrier protein or stablizer (e.g. 0.1 % BSA, 5 % HSA, 10 % FBS or 5 %
	Trehalose), and aliquot the reconstituted protein solution to minimize free-thaw cycles.
Buffer:	Lyophilized from a 0.22 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Storage:	-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Store the lyophilized protein at -20°C to -80 °C for long term.
	After reconstitution, the protein solution is stable at -20 $^{\circ}$ C for 3 months, at 2-8 $^{\circ}$ C for up to 1