

Datasheet for ABIN7535283  
**TNFRSF21 Protein (Fc Tag,His tag)**



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## Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	TNFRSF21
Origin:	Human
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Biological Activity:	Active
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This TNFRSF21 protein is labelled with Fc Tag,His tag.

## Product Details

Purpose:	Active Recombinant Human TNFRSF21/DR6/CD358 Protein
Sequence:	QPEQKASNLI GTYRHVDRAT GQVLTCDKCP AGTYVSEHCT NTSLRVCSSC PVGTFTRHEN GIEKCHDCSQ PCPWPMIEKL PCAALTDREC TCPPGMFQSN ATCAPHTVCP VGWGVRRKKG ETEDVRCKQC ARGTFSDVPS SVMKCKAYTD CLSQNLVVIK PGTKETDNVC GTLPFSFSST SPSPGTAIFP RPEHMETHEV PSSTYVPGKM NSTESNSSAS VRPKVLSSIQ EGTVPDNTSS ARGKEDVNKT LPNLQVVNHQ QGPHHRHILK LLPSMEATGG EKSSTPIKGP KRGHPRQNLH KHFDINEHL
Specificity:	Gln42-Leu350
Purity:	> 95 % by SDS-PAGE.
Sterility:	0.22 µm filtered
Endotoxin Level:	< 1 EU/µg of the protein by LAL method.
Biological Activity Comment:	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized Human APP at 10 µg/mL (100

## Product Details

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μL/well) can bind Mouse DR6 with a linear range of 0.002-1.8 μg/mL.

## Target Details

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Target: TNFRSF21

Alternative Name: TNFRSF21/DR6/CD358 ([TNFRSF21 Products](#))

Background: Description: Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 21 (TNFRSF21) is also known as death receptor 6 (DR6), which is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This type I transmembrane receptor possesses four extracellular cysteine-rich motifs and a cytoplasmic death domain. DR6 is an extensively posttranslationally modified transmembrane protein and that N- and O-glycosylations of amino acids in its extracellular part. DR6 interacts with the adaptor protein TRADD and mediates signal transduction through its death domain, and expression of DR6 in mammalian cells induces activation of both NF-kappaB and JNK and cell apoptosis. DR6 knockout mice have enhanced CD4+ T cell proliferation and Th2 cytokine production, suggested that DR6 serves as an important regulatory molecule in T-helper cell activation, and is involved in inflammation and immune regulation. DR6 is expressed ubiquitously with high expression in lymphoid organs, heart, brain and pancreas. Some tumor cells overexpress DR6, typically in conjunction with elevated anti-apoptosis molecules. DR6 may also be involved in tumor cell survival and immune evasion, which is subject to future investigations.

Name: TNFRSF21,BM-018,CD358,DR6

Gene ID: 27242

UniProt: [O75509](#)

Pathways: [Regulation of Lipid Metabolism by PPARalpha](#)

## Application Details

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Restrictions: For Research Use only

## Handling

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Format: Lyophilized

Reconstitution: Centrifuge the vial before opening. Reconstitute to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile distilled water. Avoid vortex or vigorously pipetting the protein. For long term storage, it is recommended to add a carrier protein or stabilizer (e.g. 0.1 % BSA, 5 % HSA, 10 % FBS or 5 %

## Handling

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Trehalose), and aliquot the reconstituted protein solution to minimize free-thaw cycles.

Buffer: Lyophilized from a 0.22 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Storage: -20 °C, -80 °C

Storage Comment: Store the lyophilized protein at -20°C to -80°C for long term. After reconstitution, the protein solution is stable at -20°C for 3 months, at 2-8°C for up to 1 week.