

Datasheet for ABIN7535908

AXL Protein (His tag)



Overview

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	AXL
Origin:	Mouse
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Biological Activity:	Active
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This AXL protein is labelled with His tag.

Product Details

Purpose:	Active Recombinant Mouse Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor UFO/Axl Protein
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Sequence:	AHKDTQTEAG SPFVGNPGNI TGARGLTGTL RCELQVQGEP PEVVWLRDGQ ILELADNTQT
	QVPLGEDWQD EWKVVSQLRI SALQLSDAGE YQCMVHLEGR TFVSQPGFVG LEGLPYFLEE
	PEDKAVPANT PFNLSCQAQG PPEPVTLLWL QDAVPLAPVT GHSSQHSLQT PGLNKTSSFS
	CEAHNAKGVT TSRTATITVL PQRPHHLHVV SRQPTELEVA WTPGLSGIYP LTHCNLQAVL
	SDDGVGIWLG KSDPPEDPLT LQVSVPPHQL RLEKLLPHTP YHIRISCSSS QGPSPWTHWL
	PVETTEGVPL GPPENVSAMR NGSQVLVRWQ EPRVPLQGTL LGYRLAYRGQ DTPEVLMDIG
	LTREVTLELR GDRPVANLTV SVTAYTSAGD GPWSLPVPLE PWRPGQGQPL HHLVSEPPPR
	AFSWPWW
Specificity:	Ala19-Trp445
Purity:	> 97 % by SDS-PAGE.
Sterility:	0.22 µm filtered

Product Details

Product Details	
Endotoxin Level:	<0.1EU/µg
Biological Activity Comment:	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized Mouse AXL at 2 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind Human Gas6 with a linear range of 0.1-13 ng/mL.
Target Details	
Target:	AXL
Alternative Name:	Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor UFO/AxI (AXL Products)
Background:	Description: Axl receptor tyrosine kinase, together with Tyro3 and Mer, constitute the TAM family of receptor tyrosine kinases. In the nervous system, Axl and its ligand Growth-arrest-specific protein 6 (Gas6) are expressed on multiple cell types. Axl functions in dampening the immune response, regulating cytokine secretion, clearing apoptotic cells and debris, and maintaining cell survival. Axl is upregulated in various disease states, such as in the cuprizone toxicity-induced model of demyelination and in multiple sclerosis (MS) lesions, suggesting that it plays a role in disease pathogenesis. Axl expression correlates with poor prognosis in several cancers. Axl mediates multiple oncogenic phenotypes and activation of these RTKs constitutes a mechanism of chemoresistance in a variety of solid tumors. Axl contributes to cell survival, migration, invasion, metastasis and chemosensitivity justify further investigation of Axl as novel therapeutic targets in cancer. The receptor tyrosine kinase AXL is thought to play a role in metastasis. The soluble AXL receptor as a therapeutic candidate agent for treatment of metastatic ovarian cancer. GAS6/AXL targeting as an effective strategy for inhibition of metastatic tumor progression in vivo. Name: ARK Protein, JTK11 Protein, Tyro7 Protein, UFO Protein, AXL, ARK Protein, JTK11 Protein, Tyro7 Protein, UFO Protein, AXL
Gene ID:	26362
UniProt:	Q00993
Pathways:	RTK Signaling, Cellular Response to Molecule of Bacterial Origin
Application Details	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Lyophilized

Handling

Reconstitution:	Centrifuge the vial before opening. Reconstitute to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile
	distilled water. Avoid votex or vigorously pipetting the protein. For long term storage, it is
	recommended to add a carrier protein or stablizer (e.g. 0.1 % BSA, 5 % HSA, 10 % FBS or 5 %
	Trehalose), and aliquot the reconstituted protein solution to minimize free-thaw cycles.
Buffer:	Lyophilized from a 0.22 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Storage:	-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Store the lyophilized protein at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months. After reconstitution, the protein
	solution is stable at -20°C for 3 months, at 2-8°C for up to 1 week.