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Metabotropic Glutamate Receptor 1 Protein



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Quantity:	50 µg
Target:	Metabotropic Glutamate Receptor 1 (GRM1)
Origin:	Human
Source:	Mammalian Cells
Protein Type:	Synthetic Nanodisc

Product Details

Purpose:	Human GRM1 full length protein-synthetic nanodisc
Characteristics:	Unlike other membrane scaffold protein (MSP) Nanodisc on the market, our synthetic Nanodisc
	can be prepared directly from the cells. The polymers used during this process have a dual
	function. It dissolves the cell membranes, like the detergent, and uses cellular phospholipids to
	form Nanodisc around the membrane proteins. The target protein embedded Nanodiscs can
	then be purified.

Target Details

Target:	Metabotropic Glutamate Receptor 1 (GRM1)	
Alternative Name:	GRM1 (GRM1 Products)	
Background:	This gene encodes a metabotropic glutamate receptor that functions by activating phospholipase C. L-glutamate is the major excitatory neurotransmitter in the central nervous	
	system and activates both ionotropic and metabotropic glutamate receptors. Glutamatergic	
	neurotransmission is involved in most aspects of normal brain function and can be perturbed in	
	many neuropathologic conditions. The canonical alpha isoform of the encoded protein is a	

Target Details

	disulfide-linked homodimer whose activity is mediated by a G-protein-coupled	
phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system. This gene may be associat		
	many disease states, including schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, depression, and breast cancer.	
	Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided	
	by RefSeq, May 2013]	
Molecular Weight:	The human full length GRM1 protein has a MW of 132.4kDa	
UniProt:	Q13255	

Application Details

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Advantages of Synthetic Nanodiscs:

- · Highly purified membrane proteins
- · High solubility in aqueous solutions
- · High stability
- · Proteins are in a native membrane environment and remain biologically active
- No detergent and can be used for cell-based assays
- · No MSP backbone proteins

Limitations of Synthetic Nanodiscs:

· Intolerant to acids and high concentrations of divalent metal ions

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Buffer:	Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization.
Storage:	-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
Expiry Date:	12 months