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Datasheet for ABIN7538319

HRH1 Protein



Overview

Quantity:	50 μg
Target:	HRH1
Origin:	Human
Source:	Mammalian Cells
Protein Type:	Synthetic Nanodisc

Product Details

Purpose:	Human HRH1 full length protein-synthetic nanodisc
Characteristics:	Unlike other membrane scaffold protein (MSP) Nanodisc on the market, our synthetic Nanodisc
	can be prepared directly from the cells. The polymers used during this process have a dual
	function. It dissolves the cell membranes, like the detergent, and uses cellular phospholipids to
	form Nanodisc around the membrane proteins. The target protein embedded Nanodiscs can
	then be purified.

Target Details

Target:	HRH1
Alternative Name:	HRH1 (HRH1 Products)
Background:	Histamine is a ubiquitous messenger molecule released from mast cells, enterochromaffin-like
	cells, and neurons. Its various actions are mediated by histamine receptors H1, H2, H3 and H4.
	The protein encoded by this gene is an integral membrane protein and belongs to the G protein-
	coupled receptor superfamily. It mediates the contraction of smooth muscles, the increase in
	capillary permeability due to contraction of terminal venules, the release of catecholamine from

adrenal medulla, and neurotransmission in the central nervous system. It has been associated
with multiple processes, including memory and learning, circadian rhythm, and
thermoregulation. It is also known to contribute to the pathophysiology of allergic diseases
such as atopic dermatitis, asthma, anaphylaxis and allergic rhinitis. Multiple alternatively
spliced variants, encoding the same protein, have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Jan
2015]

Molecular Weight:

The human full length HRH1 protein has a MW of 55.8kDa

UniProt:

P35367

Pathways:

Regulation of Carbohydrate Metabolic Process

Application Details

Comment:

Advantages of Synthetic Nanodiscs:

- · Highly purified membrane proteins
- · High solubility in aqueous solutions
- · High stability
- · Proteins are in a native membrane environment and remain biologically active
- · No detergent and can be used for cell-based assays
- · No MSP backbone proteins

Limitations of Synthetic Nanodiscs:

· Intolerant to acids and high concentrations of divalent metal ions

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Buffer:	Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization.
Storage:	-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
Expiry Date:	12 months