

Datasheet for ABIN7540480  
**anti-KDEL1 antibody (C-Term)**



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## Overview

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|----------------------|--|
| Quantity:            | 100 µg   |
| Target:              | KDEL1  |
| Binding Specificity: | C-Term   |
| Reactivity:          | Saccharomyces cerevisiae   |
| Host:                | Mouse  |
| Clonality:           | Monoclonal   |
| Conjugate:           | This KDEL1 antibody is un-conjugated   |
| Application:         | Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (IF), Fluorescence Microscopy (FM) |

## Product Details

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Purpose:                    | HDEL Antibody   |
| Immunogen:                  | HDEL Antibody was produced in mice by repeated immunizations raised against a synthetic HDEL synthetic peptide corresponding to the C-terminus of yeast Bip.  |
| Clone:                      | 2E7   |
| Isotype:                    | IgG2b   |
| Cross-Reactivity (Details): | A BLAST analysis was used to suggest cross-reactivity with HDEL from Drosophila, yeast, Saccharomyces, and Plants (Barnyard grass, beet, cotton, mung bean, sorghum, wheat) based on 100 % homology with the immunizing sequence. |
| Purification:               | Anti-HDEL Antibody was purified by Protein G chromatography.  |
| Sterility:                  | Sterile filtered  |

## Target Details

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Target: KDEL1

Alternative Name: ERD2 ([KDEL1 Products](#))

Background: H-D-E-L, endoplasmic reticulum, luminal ER protein retention, HSP 70 family comprises four highly conserved proteins, HSP 70, HSC 70, GRP 75 and GRP 78, which serve a variety of roles. They act as molecular chaperones, facilitating the assembly of multi-protein complexes, participate in the translocation of polypeptides across cell membranes and to the nucleus, and aid in the proper folding of nascent polypeptide chains. GRP 78 is localized in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER), where it receives imported secretory proteins and is involved in the folding and translocation of nascent peptide chains. Sorting of these proteins is dependent on a C-terminal tetrapeptide signal, usually KDEL in animal cells, and HDEL in *S.cerevisiae*. The 2E7 clone recognizes the C-terminal peptide HDEL, a common version of the endoplasmic reticulum retention signal found in yeast, plant, nematode and other ER proteins. 2E7 specifically stains HDEL proteins in barnyard grass, beet, cotton, mung bean, sorghum and wheat.

Pathways: [Maintenance of Protein Location](#)

## Application Details

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Application Notes: IF\_Microscopy\_Dilution: 1:50-1:500  
Western\_Blot\_Dilution: 1:1000-1:2000

Comment: Anti-HDEL Antibody is tested for use in WB and IF microscopy. Expect a band approximately ~78kDa corresponding to specific lysates. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

## Handling

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Format: Liquid

Buffer: Buffer: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2  
Stabilizer: 50 % (v/v) Glycerol  
Preservative: 0.09 % (w/v) Sodium Azide

Preservative: Sodium azide

Precaution of Use: This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Storage: 4 °C, -20 °C

## Handling

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Storage Comment: Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

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Expiry Date: 12 months