

# Datasheet for ABIN7547101 **HSD17B8 Protein (AA 1-261) (His tag)**



## Overview

| Quantity:                     | 1 mg   |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Target:                       | HSD17B8  |
| Protein Characteristics:      | AA 1-261                                       |
| Origin:                       | Human  |
| Source:                       | HEK-293 Cells                                  |
| Protein Type:                 | Recombinant                                    |
| Purification tag / Conjugate: | This HSD17B8 protein is labelled with His tag. |

#### Product Details

| Purpose:         | Custom-made recombinant HSD17B8 Protein expressed in mammalian cells.                           |
|------------------|---|
| Sequence:        | MASQLQNRLR SALALVTGAG SGIGRAVSVR LAGEGATVAA CDLDRAAAQE TVRLLGGPGS                               |
|                  | KEGPPRGNHA AFQADVSEAR AARCLLEQVQ ACFSRPPSVV VSCAGITQDE FLLHMSEDDW                               |
|                  | DKVIAVNLKG TFLVTQAAAQ ALVSNGCRGS IINISSIVGK VGNVGQTNYA ASKAGVIGLT                               |
|                  | QTAARELGRH GIRCNSVLPG FIATPMTQKV PQKVVDKITE MIPMGHLGDP EDVADVVAFL                               |
|                  | ASEDSGYITG TSVEVTGGLF M Sequence without tag. The proposed Purification-Tag is based            |
|                  | on experiences with the expression system, a different complexity of the protein could make     |
|                  | another tag necessary. In case you have a special request, please contact us.                   |
| Specificity:     | If you are looking for a specific domain and are interested in a partial protein or a different |
|                  | isoform, please contact us regarding an individual offer.                                       |
| Characteristics: | Key Benefits:   |
|                  | Made to order protein - from design to production - by highly experienced protein experts.      |

- · Protein expressed in mammalian cells and purified in one-step affinity chromatography
- The optimized expression system ensures reliability for intracellular, secreted and transmembrane proteins.
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a made-to-order protein and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab try to ensure that you receive soluble protein.

If you are not interested in a full length protein, please contact us for individual protein fragments.

The big advantage of ordering our made-to-order proteins in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

Purity:

> 90 % as determined by Bis-Tris PAGE, anti-tag ELISA, Western Blot and analytical SEC (HPLC)

Grade:

custom-made

### **Target Details**

| Target:           | HSD17B8                    |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Alternative Name: | HSD17B8 (HSD17B8 Products) |

Background:

(3R)-3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase (EC 1.1.1.n12) (17-beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase 8) (17-beta-HSD 8) (HSD17B8) (3-ketoacyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] reductase alpha subunit) (KAR alpha subunit) (3-oxoacyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] reductase) (Estradiol 17-beta-dehydrogenase 8) (EC 1.1.1.62) (Protein Ke6) (Ke6) (Short chain dehydrogenase/reductase family 30C member 1) (Testosterone 17-beta-dehydrogenase 8) (EC 1.1.1.239),FUNCTION: Required for the solubility and assembly of the heterotetramer 3-ketoacyl-[acyl carrier protein] (ACP) reductase functional complex (KAR or KAR1) that forms part of the mitochondrial fatty acid synthase (mtFAS). Alpha-subunit of the KAR complex that acts as a scaffold protein required for the stability of carbonyl reductase type-4 (CBR4, beta-subunit of the KAR complex) and for its 3-ketoacyl-ACP reductase activity, thereby participating in mitochondrial fatty acid biosynthesis. Catalyzes the NAD-dependent conversion of (3R)-3-hydroxyacyl-CoA into 3-ketoacyl-CoA (3-oxoacyl-CoA) with no chain length preference, this enzymatic activity is not needed for the KAR function (PubMed:19571038, PubMed:25203508, PubMed:30508570). Prefers (3R)-3-hydroxyacyl-CoA over (3S)-3-hydroxyacyl-CoA and displays enzymatic activity only in the presence of NAD(+) (PubMed:19571038). Cooperates with enoyl-CoA hydratase 1 in mitochondria, together they

constitute an alternative route to the auxiliary enzyme pathways for the breakdown of Z-PUFA (cis polyunsaturated fatty acid) enoyl-esters (Probable) (PubMed:30508570). NAD-dependent 17-beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase with highest activity towards estradiol (17beta-estradiol or E2). Has very low activity towards testosterone and dihydrotestosterone (17beta-hydroxy-5alpha-androstan-3-one). Primarily an oxidative enzyme, it can switch to a reductive mode determined in the appropriate physiologic milieu and catalyze the reduction of estrone (E1) to form biologically active 17beta-estradiol (PubMed:17978863). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:17978863, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19571038, ECO:0000269|PubMed:25203508, ECO:0000303|PubMed:30508570,

ECO:0000305|PubMed:25203508}.

Molecular Weight: 27.0 kDa UniProt: Q92506

Pathways: Steroid Hormone Biosynthesis

# **Application Details**

Application Notes: We expect the protein to work for functional studies. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

# Handling

| Format:          | Liquid   |
|------------------|--|
| Buffer:          | The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer. |
| Handling Advice: | Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.                               |
| Storage:         | -80 °C   |
| Storage Comment: | Store at -80°C.  |
| Expiry Date:     | 12 months  |