

# Datasheet for ABIN7553563

# Cullin 4A Protein (CUL4A) (AA 1-759) (His tag)



#### Overview

| Quantity:                     | 1 mg   |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Target:                       | Cullin 4A (CUL4A)                                |
| Protein Characteristics:      | AA 1-759   |
| Origin:                       | Human  |
| Source:                       | HEK-293 Cells                                    |
| Protein Type:                 | Recombinant                                      |
| Purification tag / Conjugate: | This Cullin 4A protein is labelled with His tag. |

## **Product Details**

| Purpose:  | Custom-made recombinant CUL4A Protein expressed in mammalian cells. |
|-----------|---|
| Sequence: | MADEAPRKGS FSALVGRTNG LTKPAALAAA PAKPGGAGGS KKLVIKNFRD RPRLPDNYTQ   |
|           | DTWRKLHEAV RAVQSSTSIR YNLEELYQAV ENLCSHKVSP MLYKQLRQAC EDHVQAQILP   |
|           | FREDSLDSVL FLKKINTCWQ DHCRQMIMIR SIFLFLDRTY VLQNSTLPSI WDMGLELFRT   |
|           | HIISDKMVQS KTIDGILLLI ERERSGEAVD RSLLRSLLGM LSDLQVYKDS FELKFLEETN   |
|           | CLYAAEGQRL MQEREVPEYL NHVSKRLEEE GDRVITYLDH STQKPLIACV EKQLLGEHLT   |
|           | AILQKGLDHL LDENRVPDLA QMYQLFSRVR GGQQALLQHW SEYIKTFGTA IVINPEKDKD   |
|           | MVQDLLDFKD KVDHVIEVCF QKNERFVNLM KESFETFINK RPNKPAELIA KHVDSKLRAG   |
|           | NKEATDEELE RTLDKIMILF RFIHGKDVFE AFYKKDLAKR LLVGKSASVD AEKSMLSKLK   |
|           | HECGAAFTSK LEGMFKDMEL SKDIMVHFKQ HMQNQSDSGP IDLTVNILTM GYWPTYTPME   |
|           | VHLTPEMIKL QEVFKAFYLG KHSGRKLQWQ TTLGHAVLKA EFKEGKKEFQ VSLFQTLVLL   |
|           | MFNEGDGFSF EEIKMATGIE DSELRRTLQS LACGKARVLI KSPKGKEVED GDKFIFNGEF   |
|           | KHKLFRIKIN QIQMKETVEE QVSTTERVFQ DRQYQIDAAI VRIMKMRKTL GHNLLVSELY   |

|                   | NQLKFPVKPG DLKKRIESLI DRDYMERDKD NPNQYHYVA Sequence without tag. The propose   |
|-------------------|--|
|                   | Purification-Tag is based on experiences with the expression system, a different complexity  |
|                   | of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you have a special request, plea  |
|                   | contact us.  |
| Specificity:      | If you are looking for a specific domain and are interested in a partial protein or a different  |
|                   | isoform, please contact us regarding an individual offer.  |
| Characteristics:  | Key Benefits:  |
|                   | <ul> <li>Made to order protein - from design to production - by highly experienced protein experts.</li> <li>Protein expressed in mammalian cells and purified in one-step affinity chromatography</li> <li>The optimized expression system ensures reliability for intracellular, secreted and transmembrane proteins.</li> </ul> |
|                   | State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).   |
|                   | This protein is a made-to-order protein and will be made for the first time for your order. Our  |
|                   | experts in the lab try to ensure that you receive soluble protein.   |
|                   | If you are not interested in a full length protein, please contact us for individual protein   |
|                   | fragments.   |
|                   | The big advantage of ordering our made-to-order proteins in comparison to ordering custom  |
|                   | made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein  |
|                   | cannot be expressed or purified.   |
| Purity:           | > 90 % as determined by Bis-Tris PAGE, anti-tag ELISA, Western Blot and analytical SEC (HPLC   |
| Grade:            | custom-made  |
| Target Details    |  |
| Target:           | Cullin 4A (CUL4A)  |
| Alternative Name: | CUL4A (CUL4A Products)   |
| Background:       | Cullin-4A (CUL-4A),FUNCTION: Core component of multiple cullin-RING-based E3 ubiquitin-  |
|                   | protein ligase complexes which mediate the ubiquitination of target proteins   |
|                   | (PubMed:14578910, PubMed:15811626, PubMed:15548678, PubMed:15448697,   |
|                   | PubMed:14739464, PubMed:16678110, PubMed:17041588, PubMed:24209620,  |
|                   | PubMed:30166453, PubMed:33854232, PubMed:33854239). As a scaffold protein may  |
|                   | contribute to catalysis through positioning of the substrate and the ubiquitin-conjugating   |
|                   | /B.  |

enzyme (PubMed:14578910, PubMed:15811626, PubMed:15548678, PubMed:15448697,

PubMed:14739464, PubMed:16678110, PubMed:17041588, PubMed:24209620). The E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity of the complex is dependent on the neddylation of the cullin subunit and is inhibited by the association of the deneddylated cullin subunit with TIP120A/CAND1 (PubMed:14578910, PubMed:15811626, PubMed:15548678, PubMed:15448697, PubMed:14739464, PubMed:16678110, PubMed:17041588, PubMed:24209620). The functional specificity of the E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex depends on the variable substrate recognition component (PubMed:14578910, PubMed:15811626, PubMed:15548678, PubMed:15448697, PubMed:14739464, PubMed:16678110, PubMed:17041588, PubMed:24209620). DCX(DET1-COP1) directs ubiquitination of JUN (PubMed:14739464). DCX(DDB2) directs ubiquitination of XPC (PubMed:15811626). DCX(DDB2) ubiquitinates histones H3-H4 and is required for efficient histone deposition during replication-coupled (H3.1) and replication-independent (H3.3) nucleosome assembly, probably by facilitating the transfer of H3 from ASF1A/ASF1B to other chaperones involved in histone deposition (PubMed:16678110, PubMed:17041588, PubMed:24209620). DCX(DTL) plays a role in PCNA-dependent polyubiquitination of CDT1 and MDM2-dependent ubiquitination of p53/TP53 in response to radiation-induced DNA damage and during DNA replication (PubMed:14578910, PubMed:15548678, PubMed:15448697). DCX(DTL) directs autoubiquitination of DTL (PubMed:23478445). In association with DDB1 and SKP2 probably is involved in ubiquitination of CDKN1B/p27kip (PubMed:16537899). Is involved in ubiquitination of HOXA9 (PubMed:14609952). The DDB1-CUL4A-DTL E3 ligase complex regulates the circadian clock function by mediating the ubiquitination and degradation of CRY1 (PubMed:26431207). A number of DCX complexes (containing either TRPC4AP or DCAF12 as substrate-recognition component) are part of the DesCEND (destruction via C-end degrons) pathway, which recognizes a C-degron located at the extreme C terminus of target proteins, leading to their ubiquitination and degradation (PubMed:29779948). The DCX(AMBRA1) complex is a master regulator of the transition from G1 to S cell phase by mediating ubiquitination of phosphorylated cyclin-D (CCND1, CCND2 and CCND3) (PubMed:33854232, PubMed:33854239). The DCX(AMBRA1) complex also acts as a regulator of Cul5-RING (CRL5) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complexes by mediating ubiquitination and degradation of Elongin-C (ELOC) component of CRL5 complexes (PubMed:30166453). With CUL4B, contributes to ribosome biogenesis (PubMed:26711351). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:14578910, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14609952, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14739464, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15448697, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15548678, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15811626, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16537899, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16678110, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17041588, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23478445, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24209620,

## **Target Details**

Expiry Date:

12 months

| Target Details      |  |
|---------------------|--|
|                     | ECO:0000269 PubMed:26431207, ECO:0000269 PubMed:26711351,                                    |
|                     | ECO:0000269 PubMed:29779948, ECO:0000269 PubMed:30166453,                                    |
|                     | ECO:0000269 PubMed:33854232, ECO:0000269 PubMed:33854239}.                                   |
| Molecular Weight:   | 87.7 kDa   |
| UniProt:            | Q13619   |
| Application Details |  |
| Application Notes:  | We expect the protein to work for functional studies. As the protein has not been tested for |
|                     | functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.                                   |
| Restrictions:       | For Research Use only  |
| Handling            |  |
| Format:             | Liquid   |
| Buffer:             | The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer.                             |
| Handling Advice:    | Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.   |
| Storage:            | -80 °C   |
| Storage Comment:    | Store at -80°C.  |
|                     |  |