

Datasheet for ABIN7562839  
**CDK1 Protein (AA 1-297) (His tag)**



[Go to Product page](#)

## Overview

Quantity:	1 mg
Target:	CDK1
Protein Characteristics:	AA 1-297
Origin:	Mouse
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This CDK1 protein is labelled with His tag.
Application:	SDS-PAGE (SDS), Western Blotting (WB)

## Product Details

Purpose:	Custom-made recombinat Cdk1 Protein expressed in mammalien cells.
Sequence:	MEDYIKIEKI GEGTYGVVYK GRHRVTGQIV AMKKIRLESE EEGVPSTAIR EISLLKELRH PNIVSLQDVL MQDSRLYLIF EFLSMDLKKY LDSIPPGQFM DSSLVKSYLH QILQGIVFCH SRRVLHRDLK PQNLLIDDKG TIKLADFGLA RAFGIPIRVY THEVTLWYR SPEVLLGSAR YSTPVDIWSI GTIFAELATK KPLFHGDSEI DQLFRIFRAL GTPNNEVWPE VESLQDYKNT FPKWKPGSLA SHVKNLDENG LDLLSKMLVY DPAKRISGKM ALKHPYFDDL DNQIKKM <b>Sequence without tag. The proposed Purification-Tag is based on experiences with the expression system, a different complexity of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you have a special request, please contact us.</b>

Characteristics:	Key Benefits: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Made to order protein - from design to production - by highly experienced protein experts.</li></ul>
------------------	--

## Product Details

---

- Protein expressed in mammalian cells and purified in one-step affinity chromatography
- The optimized expression system ensures reliability for intracellular, secreted and transmembrane proteins.
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a made-to-order protein and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab try to ensure that you receive soluble protein.

If you are not interested in a full length protein, please contact us for individual protein fragments.

The big advantage of ordering our made-to-order proteins in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

---

Purity:	> 90 % as determined by Bis-Tris Page, Western Blot
---------	---

---

Grade:	custom-made
--------	-------------

## Target Details

---

Target:	CDK1
---------	------

---

Alternative Name:	Cdk1 ( <a href="#">CDK1 Products</a> )
-------------------	--

---

Background:	Cyclin-dependent kinase 1 (CDK1) (EC 2.7.11.22) (EC 2.7.11.23) (Cell division control protein 2 homolog) (Cell division protein kinase 1) (p34 protein kinase),FUNCTION: Plays a key role in the control of the eukaryotic cell cycle by modulating the centrosome cycle as well as mitotic onset, promotes G2-M transition via association with multiple interphase cyclins (PubMed:16007079, PubMed:17700700, PubMed:17942597, PubMed:22405274). Phosphorylates PARVA/actopaxin, APC, AMPH, APC, BARD1, Bcl-xL/BCL2L1, BRCA2, CALD1, CASP8, CDC7, CDC20, CDC25A, CDC25C, CC2D1A, CENPA, CSNK2 proteins/CKII, FZR1/CDH1, CDK7, CEBPB, CHAMP1, DMD/dystrophin, EEF1 proteins/EF-1, EZH2, KIF11/EG5, EGFR, FANCG, FOS, GFAP, GOLGA2/GM130, GRASP1, UBE2A/hHR6A, HIST1H1 proteins/histone H1, HMGA1, HIVEP3/KRC, KAT5, LMNA, LMNB, LBR, LATS1, MAP1B, MAP4, MARCKS, MCM2, MCM4, MKLP1, MLST8, MYB, NEFH, NFIC, NPC/nuclear pore complex, PITPNM1/NIR2, NPM1, NCL, NUCKS1, NPM1/numatrin, ORC1, PRKAR2A, EEF1E1/p18, EIF3F/p47, p53/TP53, NONO/p54NRB, PAPOLA, PLEC/plectin, RB1, TPPP, UL40/R2, RAB4A, RAP1GAP, RCC1, RPS6KB1/S6K1, KHDRBS1/SAM68, ESPL1, SKI, BIRC5/survivin, STIP1, TEX14, beta-tubulins, MAPT/TAU, NEDD1, VIM/vimentin, TK1, FOXO1, RUNX1/AML1, SAMHD1, SIRT2, CGAS, ZAR1
-------------	--

and RUNX2 (PubMed:17942597, PubMed:22405274, PubMed:36264786). CDK1/CDC2-cyclin-B controls pronuclear union in interphase fertilized eggs (By similarity). Essential for early stages of embryonic development (By similarity). During G2 and early mitosis, CDC25A/B/C-mediated dephosphorylation activates CDK1/cyclin complexes which phosphorylate several substrates that trigger at least centrosome separation, Golgi dynamics, nuclear envelope breakdown and chromosome condensation (PubMed:16007079, PubMed:17700700). Once chromosomes are condensed and aligned at the metaphase plate, CDK1 activity is switched off by WEE1- and PKMYT1-mediated phosphorylation to allow sister chromatid separation, chromosome decondensation, reformation of the nuclear envelope and cytokinesis (By similarity). Phosphorylates KRT5 during prometaphase and metaphase (PubMed:29518391). Inactivated by PKR/EIF2AK2- and WEE1-mediated phosphorylation upon DNA damage to stop cell cycle and genome replication at the G2 checkpoint thus facilitating DNA repair (By similarity). Reactivated after successful DNA repair through WIP1-dependent signaling leading to CDC25A/B/C-mediated dephosphorylation and restoring cell cycle progression (By similarity). Catalyzes lamin (LMNA, LMNB1 and LMNB2) phosphorylation at the onset of mitosis, promoting nuclear envelope breakdown (By similarity). In proliferating cells, CDK1-mediated FOXO1 phosphorylation at the G2-M phase represses FOXO1 interaction with 14-3-3 proteins and thereby promotes FOXO1 nuclear accumulation and transcription factor activity, leading to cell death of postmitotic neurons (By similarity). The phosphorylation of beta-tubulins regulates microtubule dynamics during mitosis (By similarity). NEDD1 phosphorylation promotes PLK1-mediated NEDD1 phosphorylation and subsequent targeting of the gamma-tubulin ring complex (gTuRC) to the centrosome, an important step for spindle formation (By similarity). In addition, CC2D1A phosphorylation regulates CC2D1A spindle pole localization and association with SCC1/RAD21 and centriole cohesion during mitosis (By similarity). The phosphorylation of Bcl-xL/BCL2L1 after prolonged G2 arrest upon DNA damage triggers apoptosis (By similarity). In contrast, CASP8 phosphorylation during mitosis prevents its activation by proteolysis and subsequent apoptosis (By similarity). This phosphorylation occurs in cancer cell lines, as well as in primary breast tissues and lymphocytes (By similarity). EZH2 phosphorylation promotes H3K27me3 maintenance and epigenetic gene silencing (By similarity). CALD1 phosphorylation promotes Schwann cell migration during peripheral nerve regeneration (By similarity). CDK1-cyclin-B complex phosphorylates NCKAP5L and mediates its dissociation from centrosomes during mitosis (By similarity). Regulates the amplitude of the cyclic expression of the core clock gene BMAL1 by phosphorylating its transcriptional repressor NR1D1, and this phosphorylation is necessary for SCF(FBXW7)-mediated ubiquitination and proteasomal degradation of NR1D1 (By similarity). Phosphorylates EML3 at 'Thr-881' which is essential for its interaction with HAUS augmin-like complex and TUBG1 (By similarity). Phosphorylates CGAS during mitosis, leading

## Target Details

---

to its inhibition, thereby preventing CGAS activation by self DNA during mitosis (By similarity).  
{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06493, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39951,  
ECO:0000269|PubMed:16007079, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17700700,  
ECO:0000269|PubMed:17942597, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22405274,  
ECO:0000269|PubMed:29518391}.

Molecular Weight: 34.1 kDa

UniProt: [P11440](#)

Pathways: [Cell Division Cycle](#), [Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway](#), [Neurotrophin Signaling Pathway](#),  
[Activation of Innate immune Response](#), [Mitotic G1-G1/S Phases](#), [DNA Replication](#), [M Phase](#),  
[Toll-Like Receptors Cascades](#), [Synthesis of DNA](#)

## Application Details

---

Application Notes: In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

## Handling

---

Format: Liquid

Buffer: The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer.

Handling Advice: Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Storage: -80 °C

Storage Comment: Store at -80°C.

Expiry Date: 12 months