

# Datasheet for ABIN7563289 CNR1 Protein (AA 1-473) (His tag)



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Quantity:	1 mg
Target:	CNR1
Protein Characteristics:	AA 1-473
Origin:	Mouse
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This CNR1 protein is labelled with His tag.
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), SDS-PAGE (SDS)

## **Product Details**

Purpose:	Custom-made recombinat Cnr1 Protein expressed in mammalien cells.
Sequence:	MKSILDGLAD TTFRTITTDL LYVGSNDIQY EDIKGDMASK LGYFPQKFPL TSFRGSPFQE
	KMTAGDNSPL VPAGDTTNIT EFYNKSLSSF KENEDNIQCG ENFMDMECFM ILNPSQQLAI
	AVLSLTLGTF TVLENLLVLC VILHSRSLRC RPSYHFIGSL AVADLLGSVI FVYSFVDFHV
	FHRKDSPNVF LFKLGGVTAS FTASVGSLFL TAIDRYISIH RPLAYKRIVT RPKAVVAFCL
	MWTIAIVIAV LPLLGWNCKK LQSVCSDIFP LIDETYLMFW IGVTSVLLLF IVYAYMYILW
	KAHSHAVRMI QRGTQKSIII HTSEDGKVQV TRPDQARMDI RLAKTLVLIL VVLIICWGPL
	LAIMVYDVFG KMNKLIKTVF AFCSMLCLLN STVNPIIYAL RSKDLRHAFR SMFPSCEGTA
	QPLDNSMGDS DCLHKHANNT ASMHRAAESC IKSTVKIAKV TMSVSTDTSA EAL <b>Sequence</b>
	without tag. The proposed Purification-Tag is based on experiences with the expression
	system, a different complexity of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you
	have a special request, please contact us.

#### **Product Details**

#### Characteristics:

Key Benefits:

- Made to order protein from design to production by highly experienced protein experts.
- · Protein expressed in mammalien cells and purified in one-step affinity chromatography
- The optimized expression system ensures reliability for intracellular, secreted and transmembrane proteins.
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a made-to-order protein and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab try to ensure that you receive soluble protein.

If you are not interested in a full length protein, please contact us for individual protein fragments.

The big advantage of ordering our made-to-order proteins in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

Purity:

> 90 % as determined by Bis-Tris Page, Western Blot

Grade:

custom-made

### **Target Details**

Larget
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CNR1

Alternative Name:

Cnr1 (CNR1 Products)

Background:

Cannabinoid receptor 1 (CB-R) (CB1) (Brain-type cannabinoid receptor), FUNCTION: G-protein coupled receptor for cannabinoids, including endocannabinoids (eCBs), such as N-arachidonoylethanolamide (also called anandamide or AEA) and 2-arachidonoylglycerol (2-AG) (PubMed:9888857, PubMed:22388959). Mediates many cannabinoid-induced effects, acting, among others, on food intake, memory loss, gastrointestinal motility, catalepsy, ambulatory activity, anxiety, chronic pain (PubMed:9888857, PubMed:27828947). Signaling typically involves reduction in cyclic AMP (PubMed:8832654, PubMed:27828947). In the hypothalamus, may have a dual effect on mitochondrial respiration depending upon the agonist dose and possibly upon the cell type. Increases respiration at low doses, while decreases respiration at high doses (PubMed:25707796, PubMed:27828947). At high doses, CNR1 signal transduction involves G-protein alpha-i protein activation and subsequent inhibition of mitochondrial soluble adenylate cyclase, decrease in cyclic AMP concentration, inhibition of protein kinase A (PKA)-dependent phosphorylation of specific subunits of the mitochondrial electron transport system,

including NDUFS2 (PubMed:27828947). In the hypothalamus, inhibits leptin-induced reactive oxygen species (ROS) formation and mediates cannabinoid-induced increase in SREBF1 and FASN gene expression (PubMed:25869131). In response to cannabinoids, drives the release of orexigenic beta-endorphin, but not that of melanocyte-stimulating hormone alpha/alpha-MSH, from hypothalamic POMC neurons, hence promoting food intake (PubMed:25707796). In the hippocampus, regulates cellular respiration and energy production in response to cannabinoids. Involved in cannabinoid-dependent depolarization-induced suppression of inhibition (DSI), a process in which depolarization of CA1 postsynaptic pyramidal neurons mobilizes eCBs, which retrogradely activate presynaptic CB1 receptors, transiently decreasing GABAergic inhibitory neurotransmission (PubMed:22388959). Also reduces excitatory synaptic transmission (PubMed:27828947). In superior cervical ganglions and cerebral vascular smooth muscle cells, inhibits voltage-gated Ca(2+) channels in a constitutive, as well as agonist-dependent manner (By similarity). In cerebral vascular smooth muscle cells, cannabinoid-induced inhibition of voltage-gated Ca(2+) channels leads to vasodilation and decreased vascular tone (By similarity). Induces leptin production in adipocytes and reduces LRP2-mediated leptin clearance in the kidney, hence participating in hyperleptinemia (PubMed:22841573). In adipose tissue, CNR1 signaling leads to increased expression of SREBF1, ACACA and FASN genes (PubMed:15864349). In the liver, activation by endocannabinoids leads to increased de novo lipogenesis and reduced fatty acid catabolism, associated with increased expression of SREBF1/SREBP-1, GCK, ACACA, ACACB and FASN genes (PubMed:15864349, PubMed:21987372). May also affect de novo cholesterol synthesis and HDL-cholesteryl ether uptake (PubMed:21987372). Peripherally modulates energy metabolism. In high carbohydrate diet-induced obesity, may decrease the expression of mitochondrial dihydrolipoyl dehydrogenase/DLD in striated muscles, as well as that of selected glucose/ pyruvate metabolic enzymes, hence affecting energy expenditure through mitochondrial metabolism (PubMed:26671069). In response to cannabinoid anandamide, elicits a pro-inflammatory response in macrophages, which involves NLRP3 inflammasome activation and IL1B and IL18 secretion. In macrophages infiltrating pancreatic islets, this process may participate in the progression of type-2 diabetes and associated loss of pancreatic beta-cells (PubMed:23955712). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:002777, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P21554, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15864349, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21987372, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22388959, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22841573, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23955712, ECO:0000269|PubMed:25707796, ECO:0000269|PubMed:25869131, ECO:0000269|PubMed:26671069, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27828947, ECO:0000269|PubMed:8832654, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9888857}.

## **Target Details**

Molecular Weight:	52.8 kDa
UniProt:	P47746
Pathways:	Feeding Behaviour
Application Details	
Application Notes:	In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
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## Handling

Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -80°C.
Expiry Date:	12 months