

Datasheet for ABIN7565203
ARNTL Protein (AA 1-632) (His tag)



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Overview

Quantity:	1 mg
Target:	ARNTL
Protein Characteristics:	AA 1-632
Origin:	Mouse
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This ARNTL protein is labelled with His tag.
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), SDS-PAGE (SDS)

Product Details

Purpose:	Custom-made recombinat Bmal1 Protein expressed in mammalien cells.
Sequence:	<p>MADQRMDISS TISDFMSPGP TDLLSGSLGT SGVDCNRKRK GSATDYQLDD FAFEESMDTD KDDPHGRLEY AEHQGRIKNA REAHSQIEKR RRDKMNSFID ELASLVPTCN AMSRKLDKLT VLRMAVQHMK TLRGATNPYT EANYKPTFLS DDELKHLILR AADGFLFVVG CDRGKILFVS ESVFKILNYS QNDLIGQSLF DYLHPKDIK VKEQLSSSDT APRERLIDAK TGLPVKTDIT PGPSRLCSGA RRSFFCRMKC NRPSVKVEDK DFASTCSKKK DRKSFCTIHS TGYLKSWPPT KMGLDEDNEP DNEGCNLSCL VAIGRLHSHM VPQPANGEIR VKSMEYVSRH AIDGKFVFVD QRATAILAYL PQELLGTSCY EYFHQDDIGH LAECHRQVLQ TREKITTNCY KFKIKDGSFI TLRSRWFSFM NPWTKEVEYI VSTNTVLAN VLEGGDPTFP QLTAPPHSMD SMLPSGEGGP KRTHPTVPGI PGGTRAGAGK IGRMIAEEIM EIHRIRGSSP SSCSSPLNI TSTPPPDASS PGGKKILNGG TPDIPSTGLL PGQAQETPGY PYSDSSSILG ENPHIGIDMI DNDQGSSSPS NDEAAMAVIM SLLEADAGLG GPVDFSDLPW PL Sequence without tag. The proposed</p>

Purification-Tag is based on experiences with the expression system, a different complexity of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you have a special request, please contact us.

Characteristics:

Key Benefits:

- Made to order protein - from design to production - by highly experienced protein experts.
- Protein expressed in mammalian cells and purified in one-step affinity chromatography
- The optimized expression system ensures reliability for intracellular, secreted and transmembrane proteins.
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a made-to-order protein and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab try to ensure that you receive soluble protein.

If you are not interested in a full length protein, please contact us for individual protein fragments.

The big advantage of ordering our made-to-order proteins in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

Purity:

> 90 % as determined by Bis-Tris Page, Western Blot

Grade:

custom-made

Target Details

Target:

ARNTL

Alternative Name:

Bmal1 ([ARNTL Products](#))

Background:

Basic helix-loop-helix ARNT-like protein 1 (Arnt3) (Aryl hydrocarbon receptor nuclear translocator-like protein 1) (Brain and muscle ARNT-like 1),FUNCTION: Transcriptional activator which forms a core component of the circadian clock. The circadian clock, an internal time-keeping system, regulates various physiological processes through the generation of approximately 24 hour circadian rhythms in gene expression, which are translated into rhythms in metabolism and behavior. It is derived from the Latin roots 'circa' (about) and 'diem' (day) and acts as an important regulator of a wide array of physiological functions including metabolism, sleep, body temperature, blood pressure, endocrine, immune, cardiovascular, and renal function. Consists of two major components: the central clock, residing in the suprachiasmatic nucleus (SCN) of the brain, and the peripheral clocks that are present in nearly every tissue and

organ system. Both the central and peripheral clocks can be reset by environmental cues, also known as Zeitgebers (German for 'timegivers'). The predominant Zeitgeber for the central clock is light, which is sensed by retina and signals directly to the SCN. The central clock entrains the peripheral clocks through neuronal and hormonal signals, body temperature and feeding-related cues, aligning all clocks with the external light/dark cycle. Circadian rhythms allow an organism to achieve temporal homeostasis with its environment at the molecular level by regulating gene expression to create a peak of protein expression once every 24 hours to control when a particular physiological process is most active with respect to the solar day. Transcription and translation of core clock components (CLOCK, NPAS2, BMAL1, BMAL2, PER1, PER2, PER3, CRY1 and CRY2) plays a critical role in rhythm generation, whereas delays imposed by post-translational modifications (PTMs) are important for determining the period (τ) of the rhythms (τ refers to the period of a rhythm and is the length, in time, of one complete cycle). A diurnal rhythm is synchronized with the day/night cycle, while the ultradian and infradian rhythms have a period shorter and longer than 24 hours, respectively. Disruptions in the circadian rhythms contribute to the pathology of cardiovascular diseases, cancer, metabolic syndromes and aging. A transcription/translation feedback loop (TTFL) forms the core of the molecular circadian clock mechanism. Transcription factors, CLOCK or NPAS2 and BMAL1 or BMAL2, form the positive limb of the feedback loop, act in the form of a heterodimer and activate the transcription of core clock genes and clock-controlled genes (involved in key metabolic processes), harboring E-box elements (5'-CACGTG-3') within their promoters. The core clock genes: PER1/2/3 and CRY1/2 which are transcriptional repressors form the negative limb of the feedback loop and interact with the CLOCK|NPAS2-BMAL1|BMAL2 heterodimer inhibiting its activity and thereby negatively regulating their own expression. This heterodimer also activates nuclear receptors NR1D1/2 and RORA/B/G, which form a second feedback loop and which activate and repress BMAL1 transcription, respectively. BMAL1 positively regulates myogenesis and negatively regulates adipogenesis via the transcriptional control of the genes of the canonical Wnt signaling pathway. Plays a role in normal pancreatic beta-cell function, regulates glucose-stimulated insulin secretion via the regulation of antioxidant genes NFE2L2/NRF2 and its targets SESN2, PRDX3, CCLC and CCLM. Negatively regulates the mTORC1 signaling pathway, regulates the expression of MTOR and DEPTOR. Controls diurnal oscillations of Ly6C inflammatory monocytes, rhythmic recruitment of the PRC2 complex imparts diurnal variation to chemokine expression that is necessary to sustain Ly6C monocyte rhythms. Regulates the expression of HSD3B2, STAR, PTGS2, CYP11A1, CYP19A1 and LHCGR in the ovary and also the genes involved in hair growth. Plays an important role in adult hippocampal neurogenesis by regulating the timely entry of neural stem/progenitor cells (NSPCs) into the cell cycle and the number of cell divisions that take place prior to cell-cycle

exit. Regulates the circadian expression of CIART and KLF11. The CLOCK-BMAL1 heterodimer regulates the circadian expression of SERPINE1/PAI1, VWF, B3, CCRN4L/NOC, NAMPT, DBP, MYOD1, PPARGC1A, PPARGC1B, SIRT1, GYS2, F7, NGFR, GNRHR, BHLHE40/DEC1, ATF4, MTA1, KLF10 and also genes implicated in glucose and lipid metabolism. Promotes rhythmic chromatin opening, regulating the DNA accessibility of other transcription factors. May play a role in spermatogenesis, contributes to the chromatoid body assembly and physiology. The NPAS2-BMAL1 heterodimer positively regulates the expression of MAOA, F7 and LDHA and modulates the circadian rhythm of daytime contrast sensitivity by regulating the rhythmic expression of adenylate cyclase type 1 (ADCY1) in the retina. The preferred binding motif for the CLOCK-BMAL1 heterodimer is 5'-CACGTGA-3', which contains a flanking adenine nucleotide at the 3-prime end of the canonical 6-nucleotide E-box sequence (By similarity). CLOCK specifically binds to the half-site 5'-CAC-3', while BMAL1 binds to the half-site 5'-GTGA-3' (By similarity). The CLOCK-BMAL1 heterodimer also recognizes the non-canonical E-box motifs 5'-AACGTGA-3' and 5'-CATGTGA-3' (By similarity). Essential for the rhythmic interaction of CLOCK with ASS1 and plays a critical role in positively regulating CLOCK-mediated acetylation of ASS1 (PubMed:28985504). Plays a role in protecting against lethal sepsis by limiting the expression of immune checkpoint protein CD274 in macrophages in a PKM2-dependent manner (PubMed:29996098). Regulates the diurnal rhythms of skeletal muscle metabolism via transcriptional activation of genes promoting triglyceride synthesis (DGAT2) and metabolic efficiency (COQ10B) (PubMed:30096135). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O00327, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14672706, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18258755, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18316400, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19141540, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19286518, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19299583, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19605937, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20153195, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20385766, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20430893, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20562852, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20658528, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20840750, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20956306, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21768648, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21966465, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22045262, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22101268, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22611086, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22653727, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22900038, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22981862, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23291174, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23525013, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23547261, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23750248, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23955654, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23970558, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24048828, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24089055, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24268780, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24270424,

Target Details

ECO:0000269|PubMed:24378737, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24385426,
ECO:0000269|PubMed:24395244, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24442997,
ECO:0000269|PubMed:24481314, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24736997,
ECO:0000269|PubMed:28985504, ECO:0000269|PubMed:29996098,
ECO:0000269|PubMed:30096135}.

Molecular Weight: 69.5 kDa

UniProt: [Q9WTL8](#)

Pathways: [Regulation of Lipid Metabolism by PPARalpha](#), [Protein targeting to Nucleus](#), [Warburg Effect](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Buffer: The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer.

Handling Advice: Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Storage: -80 °C

Storage Comment: Store at -80°C.

Expiry Date: 12 months