

Datasheet for ABIN7565829
anti-Protein G antibody (Biotin)



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Overview

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| Quantity: | 25 µL |
| Target: | Protein G |
| Reactivity: | Streptococcus |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This Protein G antibody is conjugated to Biotin |
| Application: | ELISA, Dot Blot (DB) |

Product Details

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| Purpose: | Protein G Antibody Biotin Conjugated |
| Immunogen: | Immunogen: Protein G [Streptococcus species] Immunogen Type: Native Protein |
| Cross-Reactivity (Details): | Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Biotin, anti-Rabbit Serum as well as purified and partially purified Protein G [Streptococcus species]. |
| Characteristics: | Synonyms: rabbit anti-Protein G Antibody biotin Conjugation, biotin conjugated rabbit anti-Protein G Antibody, Protein G BAC |
| Purification: | Anti-Protein G is an IgG fraction antibody purified from monospecific antiserum by a multi-step process which includes delipidation, salt fractionation and ion exchange chromatography followed by extensive dialysis against the buffer stated above. |
| Sterility: | Sterile filtered |

Target Details

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| Target: | Protein G |
| Abstract: | Protein G Products |
| Background: | <p>Background: Protein G is a protein that has the property of binding to immunoglobulins. It is a 65- kDa cell surface protein that is commonly used for purifying antibodies through binding to the Fab and Fc regions. Protein G was originally isolated from Streptococcal bacteria. It is similar in properties to Protein A but has unique IgG binding specificities. Native protein G also binds albumin, however Rockland uses recombinant forms of Protein G that only bind to immunoglobulins. Biotin is widely used throughout the biotechnology industry to conjugate proteins for biochemical assays. Biotin's small size typically does not affect the biological activity of protein upon biotinylation. Biotinylated proteins of interest can be enriched from a sample due to highly stable interactions. Biotin conjugated anti-Protein G antibodies are used as an amplifying reagent in immunohistochemistry, microarray assays, ELISAs, blots, and other applications.</p> |

Application Details

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| Application Notes: | <p>Application Note: Anti-Protein G Biotin Antibody has been tested by dot blot and is suitable to be assayed against 1.0 µg of Protein G in a standard capture ELISA using Peroxidase Conjugated Streptavidin #S000-03 and ABTS (2,2'-azino-bis-[3-ethylbenthiazoline-6-sulfonic acid]) code # ABTS-100 as a substrate for 30 minutes at room temperature. A working dilution of 1:90,000 to 1:350,000 of the reconstitution concentration is suggested for this product. ELISA Dilution: 1:9,000 - 1:35,000</p> |
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |

Handling

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| Format: | Liquid |
| Concentration: | 1.0 mg/mL |
| Buffer: | <p>Buffer: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2</p> <p>Stabilizer: 10 mg/mL Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) - Immunoglobulin and Protease free</p> <p>Preservative: 0.01 % (w/v) Sodium Azide</p> |
| Preservative: | Sodium azide |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only. |

Handling

Storage: -20 °C

Storage Comment: Store vial at -20° C or below prior to opening. This vial contains a relatively low volume of reagent (25 µL). To minimize loss of volume dilute 1:10 by adding 225 µL of the buffer stated above directly to the vial. Recap, mix thoroughly and briefly centrifuge to collect the volume at the bottom of the vial. Use this intermediate dilution when calculating final dilutions as recommended below. Store the vial at -20°C or below after dilution. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing.

Expiry Date: 12 months