

Datasheet for ABIN756684

anti-SNRPE antibody (pThr401) (Biotin)



| Overview | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Quantity: | 100 μL |
| Target: | SNRPE |
| Binding Specificity: | pThr401 |
| Reactivity: | Mouse |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This SNRPE antibody is conjugated to Biotin |
| Application: | ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro)) |
| Product Details | |
| Immunogen: | KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide derived from human B-Raf around the phosphorylation site of Thr401 |
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Cross-Reactivity: | Mouse |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Human,Rat,Dog,Cow,Pig,Horse,Chicken,Rabbit |
| Purification: | Purified by Protein A. |
| Target Details | |
| Target: | SNRPE |

Target Details

| Alternative Name: | B-Raf (SNRPE Products) |
|---------------------|--|
| Background: | Synonyms: B Raf phospho T401, p-B Raf phospho T401, 94 kDa B raf protein, B raf 1, B Raf |
| | proto oncogene serine threonine protein kinase, BRAF 1, Braf, BRAF1, cRmil, MGC126806, |
| | MGC138284, Murine sarcoma viral v-raf oncogene homolog B1, Murine sarcoma viral v raf |
| | oncogene homolog B1, p94, RAFB 1, RAFB1, v raf murine sarcoma viral oncogene homolog B1, |
| | FLJ95109, BRAF_HUMAN. |
| | Background: The Raf kinases are important intermediates in signal transduction. Raf protein |
| | family members, including A Raf and B Raf, have intrinsic serine/threonine kinase activity. |
| | Interaction between Ras proteins and Raf proteins results in Raf-mediated phosphorylation and |
| | activation of MEK (also known as MAP kinase kinase). Defects in BRAF are involved in a wide |
| | range of cancers. B-Raf is a serine/threonine protein kinase that acts as a signal transducer |
| | from membrane-associated receptors to nuclear transcription factors. 1 BRAF is important for |
| | the regulation of cell proliferation and determination of cell fate during embryogenesis. BRAF |
| | acts downstream of Ras and upstream of MEK in the Ras-Raf-MEK-ERK signal transduction |
| | pathway, which is a conserved RAS-activated protein kinase cascade that regulates cell growth |
| | proliferation, and differentiation in response to growth factors, cytokines, and hormones. |
| Gene ID: | 673 |
| Pathways: | Ribonucleoprotein Complex Subunit Organization, Hepatitis C |
| Application Details | |
| Application Notes: | IHC-P 1:200-400 |
| | IHC-F 1:100-500 |
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |
| Handling | |
| Format: | Liquid |
| Concentration: | 1 μg/μL |
| Buffer: | Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and |
| | 50 % Glycerol. |
| Preservative: | ProClin |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be |

Handling

| Storage: | -20 °C |
|------------------|-------------------------------|
| Storage Comment: | Store at -20°C for 12 months. |
| Expiry Date: | 12 months |