

Datasheet for ABIN7595940
anti-SCN1A antibody (AA 1929-2009)



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Overview

Quantity:	20 µL
Target:	SCN1A
Binding Specificity:	AA 1929-2009
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This SCN1A antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Western Blotting (WB), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

Purpose:	Anti-Nav1.1 Na ⁺ Channel Antibody
Immunogen:	Fusion protein amino acids 1929-2009 (cytoplasmic C-terminus) of rat Nav1.1 (accession number P04774) produced recombinantly in E. Coli
Clone:	K74-71
Isotype:	IgG1
Specificity:	No cross-reactivity with Nav1.2, Nav1.3 and Nav1.6
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Non-Human Primate, Rat
Characteristics:	Description: Our Anti-Nav1.1 Na ⁺ channel mouse monoclonal primary antibody is produced in-house from hybridoma clone K74/71. It detects human, mouse, non-human primate, and rat

Product Details

Nav1.1 Na⁺ channel, and is purified by Protein A chromatography. It is great for use in ELISA, IHC, ICC, IP, WB.

Manufacturer Comment: We produce our Nav1.1 Na⁺ channel mouse monoclonal primary antibody from hybridoma clone K74/71. It is great in ELISA, IHC, ICC, IP, WB and is purified by Protein A chromatography.

Purification: Produced by in vitro bioreactor culture of hybridoma line followed by Protein A affinity chromatography.

Purity: > 90 % specific antibody

Target Details

Target: SCN1A

Alternative Name: Nav1.1 Na⁺ channel ([SCN1A Products](#))

Background: Synonyms: Sodium channel protein type 1 subunit alpha (Sodium channel protein brain I subunit alpha) (Sodium channel protein type I subunit alpha) (Voltage-gated sodium channel subunit alpha Nav1.1)

Target Description: Nav1.1 Na⁺ channel (sodium channel, voltage-gated, type I, alpha subunit/ SCN1A) is a member of voltage-gated sodium ion channel subunit family. It is encoded by gene Scn1a in human. The channel switches between open and close conformation in response to the voltage difference accross the membrane. Nav1.1 Na⁺ channel is a sodium selective channel that maintains Na⁺ homeostasis by allowing Na⁺ ions to pass in accordance of their electrochemical gradient. The protein plays an important role in the release of neurotransmitters from the neurons. Therefore, Nav1.1 Na⁺ channel is involved in the perception of mechanical pain due to the activation of sematosensory neurons without the involvement of inflammation. Mutation of the gene encoding for Nav1.1 Na⁺ channel is one of the main cause of epilepsy and febrile seizures.

Gene Name Alternatives: Scn1a

Molecular Weight: 220 kDa

Application Details

Application Notes: Dilution Range: IHC: 1:250
Dilution Range: ICC: 1:250
Dilution Range: WB: 1:500

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 mg/mL
Buffer:	10 mM Tris, 50 mM Sodium Chloride, 0.065 % Sodium Azide pH 7.4
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Aliquot and store at ≤ -20°C for long term storage. For short term storage, store at 2-8°C. For maximum recovery of product, centrifuge the vial prior to removing the cap.
Expiry Date:	24 months