

## Datasheet for ABIN7596450

## ST6GALNAC5 Protein (AA 30-336) (His tag)



## Overview

Overview	
Quantity:	250 μg
Target:	ST6GALNAC5
Protein Characteristics:	AA 30-336
Origin:	Human
Source:	Baculovirus infected Insect Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This ST6GALNAC5 protein is labelled with His tag.
Application:	SDS-PAGE (SDS)
Product Details	
Sequence:	GGQKERP PQQQQQQQQ QQQASATGSS QPAAESSTQQ RPGVPAGPRP LDGYLGVADH
	KPLKMHCRDC ALVTSSGHLL HSRQGSQIDQ TECVIRMNDA PTRGYGRDVG NRTSLRVIAH
	SSIQRILRNR HDLLNVSQGT VFIFWGPSSY MRRDGKGQVY NNLHLLSQVL PRLKAFMITR
	HKMLQFDELF KQETGKDRKI SNTWLSTGWF TMTIALELCD RINVYGMVPP DFCRDPNHPS
	VPYHYYEPFG PDECTMYLSH ERGRKGSHHR FITEKRVFKN WARTFNIHFF QPDWKPESLA
	INHPENKPVF
Purity:	> 90% by SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin Level:	< 1 EU per 1ug of protein (determined by LAL method)
Target Details	
Target:	ST6GALNAC5

## **Target Details**

Alternative Name:	ST6GALNAC5 (ST6GALNAC5 Products)
Background:	ST6GALNAC5, also known as Alpha-N-acetylgalactosaminide alpha-2,6-sialyltransferase 5, is a
	member of the glycosyltransferase 29 family. This protein is a sialyltransferase involved in the
	biosynthesis of ganglioside GD1a from GM1b. It is involved in the pathway protein
	glycosylation, which is part of Protein modification. It's expression is restricted to the brain
	normally. It has been identified as a key player in the metastasis of breast cancer cells to the
	brain by potentially enabling the cancer cells to cross the blood-brain barrier. Recombinant
	human ST6GALNAC5, fused to His-tag at C-terminus, was expressed in insect cell and purified
	by using conventional chromatography techniques.
Molecular Weight:	36.4 kDa (316aa)
NCBI Accession:	NP_112227
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Optimal working dilution should be determined by the investigator.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	0.25 mg/mL
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Can be stored at +2°C to +8°C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C to
	80°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.