

## Datasheet for ABIN7596663

# TADA2L Protein (DYKDDDDK Tag, Strep Tag)



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Quantity:	10 μg	
Target:	TADA2L (TADA2A)	
Origin:	Human	
Source:	HEK-293 Cells	
Protein Type:	Synthetic Nanodisc	
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This TADA2L protein is labelled with DYKDDDDK Tag,Strep Tag.	
Application:	ELISA, Surface Plasmon Resonance (SPR), Phage Display (PhD), Immunogen (Imm), Cryogenic electron microscopy (cryo-EM)	
Product Details		
Purpose:	Human ADA2A-Strep full length protein-synthetic nanodisc	
Target Details		
Target:	TADA2L (TADA2A)	
Alternative Name:	ADA2A (TADA2A Products)	
Background:	ADRA2, ADRA2R, ADRAR, ALPHA2AAR, ZNF32  Alpha-2-adrenergic receptors are members of the G protein-coupled receptor superfamily. The alpha-2-adrenergic receptors are a type of adrenergic receptors (for adrenaline or epinephrine), which inhibit adenylate cyclase. These receptors include 3 highly homologous subtypes: alpha2A, alpha2B, and alpha2C. They are involved in regulating the release of neurotransmitter molecules from sympathetic nerves and from adrenergic neurons in the central nervous	

system. The sympathetic nervous system regulates cardiovascular function by activating

adrenergic receptors in the heart, blood vessels and kidney. Studies in mouse revealed that both the alpha2A and alpha2C receptor subtypes were required for presynaptic transmitter release from the sympathetic nervous system in the heart and from central noradrenergic neurons. The alpha-2-adrenergic receptors are also involved in catecholamine signaling by extracellular regulated protein kinase 1 and 2 (ERK1/2) pathways. A clear association between the alpha-2-adrenergic receptor and disease has not been yet established. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2019]

Molecular Weight:

The human full length ADA2A-Strep protein has a MW of 50.6 kDa

UniProt:

P08913

Pathways:

**Chromatin Binding** 

### **Application Details**

#### Comment:

#### Advantages:

- · Highly purified membrane proteins
- · High solubility in aqueous solutions
- · High stability
- · Proteins are in a native membrane environment and remain biologically active
- · No detergent and can be used for cell-based assays
- · No MSP backbone proteins
- Mammalian cell expression system ensures post-translational modifications

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

## Handling

Format:	Lyophilized	
Buffer:	Solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% – 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization.	
Storage:	-20 °C,-80 °C	
Storage Comment: Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if no use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.		
Expiry Date:	12 months	