

Datasheet for ABIN7597456

KIR2DL1 Protein (AA 22-242) (His tag)



Overview

Quantity:	10 μg
Target:	KIR2DL1
Protein Characteristics:	AA 22-242
Origin:	Human
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This KIR2DL1 protein is labelled with His tag.

Product Details

Purpose:	Recombinant human KIR2DL1 Protein with C-terminal 10xHis tag	
Sequence:	KIR2DL1(His22-Arg242) 10xHis tag	
Purity:	The purity of the protein is greater than 85 % as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining.	

Target Details

Target:	KIR2DL1
Alternative Name:	KIR2DL1 (KIR2DL1 Products)
Background:	NKAT, NKAT1, p58.1, CD158A, KIR221, NKAT-1, KIR-K64
	Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptors (KIRs) are transmembrane glycoproteins expressed by
	natural killer cells and subsets of T cells. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly
	homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19q13.4 within the 1 Mb leukocyte

receptor complex (LRC). The gene content of the KIR gene cluster varies among haplotypes,
although several "framework" genes are found in all haplotypes (KIR3DL3, KIR3DP1, KIR3DL4,
KIR3DL2). The KIR proteins are classified by the number of extracellular immunoglobulin
domains (2D or 3D) and by whether they have a long (L) or short (S) cytoplasmic domain. KIR
proteins with the long cytoplasmic domain transduce inhibitory signals upon ligand binding via
an immune tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM), while KIR proteins with the short cytoplasmic
$domain\ lack\ the\ ITIM\ motif\ and\ instead\ associate\ with\ the\ TYRO\ protein\ tyrosine\ kinase\ binding$
protein to transduce activating signals. The ligands for several KIR proteins are subsets of HLA
class I molecules, thus, KIR proteins are thought to play an important role in regulation of the
immune response. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Molecular Weight:

predicted molecular mass of 25.7 kDa after removal of the signal peptide. The apparent molecular mass of KIR2DL1-His is 25-55 kDa due to glycosylation.

UniProt:

P43626

Application Details

Ann	lication	Notes:
\neg	IICALIOLE	TAUTES.

Extracellular Domain Proteins (ECD) can be used as:

- · Immunogens for antibody drug development
- · Reagents used for CAR-T positive cell monitoring
- · Reagents for antibody screening and functional testing
- · Reagents for antibody affinity measurement

Comment:

The protein was made using HEK293 mammalian cell secretion expression system to ensure the close-to-native structures and post-translational modifications of the target protein.

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Buffer:	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % – 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization.
Storage:	-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.

	1	l:
-	ココロロ	urnen
	Hand	III IU

Expiry Date:

12 months