

Datasheet for ABIN7599081
anti-COX2 antibody (AA 1-205)



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Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	COX2
Binding Specificity:	AA 1-205
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This COX2 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), ELISA, Flow Cytometry (FACS)

Product Details

Purpose:	Anti-MT-CO2 Antibody Picoband®
Immunogen:	E.coli-derived human MT-CO2 recombinant protein (Position: M1-S205).
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	No cross-reactivity with other proteins.
Characteristics:	Anti-MT-CO2 Antibody Picoband® (ABIN7599081). Tested in ELISA, Flow Cytometry, IHC, WB applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat. The brand Picoband indicates this is a premium antibody that guarantees superior quality, high affinity, and strong signals with minimal background in Western blot applications. Only our best-performing antibodies are designated as Picoband, ensuring unmatched performance.
Purification:	Immunogen affinity purified.

Target Details

Target:	COX2
Alternative Name:	MT-CO2 (COX2 Products)
Background:	Synonyms: Protein ERGIC-53, ER-Golgi intermediate compartment 53 kDa protein, Gp58, Intracellular mannose-specific lectin MR60, Lectin mannose-binding 1, LMAN1, ERGIC53, F5F8D Tissue Specificity: Ubiquitous. Background: Cytochrome c oxidase is the component of the respiratory chain that catalyzes the reduction of oxygen to water. Subunits 1-3 form the functional core of the enzyme complex. Subunit 2 transfers the electrons from cytochrome c via its binuclear copper A center to the bimetallic center of the catalytic subunit 1.
Molecular Weight:	21 kDa
Gene ID:	4513
UniProt:	P00403
Pathways:	Brown Fat Cell Differentiation , Positive Regulation of fat Cell Differentiation

Application Details

Application Notes:	Western blot, 0.1-0.25 µg/mL, Human, Mouse, Rat Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 2-5 µg/mL, Human, Mouse, Rat Flow Cytometry (Fixed), 1-3 µg/1x10⁶ cells, Human ELISA, 0.1-0.5 µg/mL, - 1. Anderson, S., Bankier, A. T., Barrell, B. G., de Bruijn, M. H. L., Coulson, A. R., Drouin, J., Eperon, I. C., Nierlich, D. P., Roe, B. A., Sanger, F., Schreier, P. H., Smith, A. J. H., Staden, R., Young, I. G. Sequence and organization of the human mitochondrial genome. <i>Nature</i> 290: 457-465, 1981. 2. Attardi, G., Chomyn, A., Montoya, J., Ojala, D. Identification and mapping of human mitochondrial genes. <i>Cytogenet. Cell Genet.</i> 32: 85-98, 1982. 3. Ballinger, S. W., Schurr, T. G., Torroni, A., Gan, Y. Y., Hodge, J. A., Hassan, K., Chen, K. H., Wallace, D. C. Southeast Asian mitochondrial DNA analysis reveals genetic continuity of ancient mongoloid migrations. <i>Genetics</i> 130: 139-152, 1992. Note: Erratum: <i>Genetics</i> 130: 957 only, 1992.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
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Handling

Reconstitution:	Adding 0.2 mL of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 µg/mL.
Concentration:	500 µg/mL
Buffer:	Each vial contains 4 mg Trehalose, 0.9 mg NaCl, 0.2 mg Na ₂ HPO ₄ .
Storage:	4 °C, -20 °C
Storage Comment:	At -20°C for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for six months. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.