

## Datasheet for ABIN7599816

# anti-FDPS antibody (AA 12-347)



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Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	FDPS
Binding Specificity:	AA 12-347
Reactivity:	Rat, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This FDPS antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA

#### **Product Details**

Purpose:	Anti-FDPS/FPS Picoband® Antibody
Immunogen:	E.coli-derived mouse FDPS/FPS recombinant protein (Position: Q12-K347).
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	No cross-reactivity with other proteins.
Characteristics:	Anti-FDPS/FPS Picoband® Antibody (ABIN7599816). Tested in ELISA, WB applications. This antibody reacts with Mouse, Rat. The brand Picoband indicates this is a premium antibody that guarantees superior quality, high affinity, and strong signals with minimal background in Western blot applications. Only our best-performing antibodies are designated as Picoband, ensuring unmatched performance.
Purification:	Immunogen affinity purified.

### **Target Details**

Target:	FDPS
Alternative Name:	Fdps (FDPS Products)
Background:	Synonyms: Farnesyl pyrophosphate synthase, FPP synthase, FPS, (2E,6E)-farnesyl diphosphate
	synthase, Cholesterol-regulated 39 kDa protein, CR 39, Dimethylallyltranstransferase, Farnesyl
	diphosphate synthase, Geranyltranstransferase, Fdps
	Tissue Specificity: Expressed ubiquitously.
	Background: Dimethylallyltranstransferase (DMATT), also known as farnesylpyrophosphate
	synthase (FPPS) or as farnesyldiphosphate synthase (FDPS), is an enzyme that in humans is
	encoded by the FDPS gene. It is mapped to 3 F1, 3 39.01 cM. This gene encodes an enzyme
	that catalyzes the production of geranyl pyrophosphate and farnesyl pyrophosphate from
	isopentenyl pyrophosphate and dimethylallyl pyrophosphate. The resulting product, farnesyl
	pyrophosphate, is a key intermediate in cholesterol and sterol biosynthesis, a substrate for
	protein farnesylation and geranylgeranylation, and a ligand or agonist for certain hormone
	receptors and growth receptors. Drugs that inhibit this enzyme prevent the post-translational
	modifications of small GTPases and have been used to treat diseases related to bone
	resorption. Multiple pseudogenes have been found on chromosomes 1, 7, 14, 15, 21 and X.
	Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.
Molecular Weight:	40 kDa
Gene ID:	110196
UniProt:	Q920E5
Pathways:	Regulation of Muscle Cell Differentiation
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blot, 0.25-0.5 μg/mL, Mouse, Rat
	ELISA, 0.1-0.5 μg/mL, -
	1. Heinzmann, C., Clarke, C. F., Klisak, I., Mohandas, T., Sparkes, R. S., Edwards, P. A., Lusis, A. J.
	Dispersed family of human genes with sequence similarity to farnesyl pyrophosphate
	synthetase. Genomics 5: 493-500, 1989. 2. Krisans, S. K., Ericsson, J., Edwards, P. A., Keller, G.
	A. Farnesyl-diphosphate synthase is localized in peroxisomes. J. Biol. Chem. 269: 14165-14169
	1994. 3. Scott, A. F. Personal Communication. Baltimore, Md. 11/9/2006.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

## Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Add 0.2 mL of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 µg/mL.
Concentration:	500 μg/mL
Buffer:	Each vial contains 4 mg Trehalose, 0.9 mg NaCl, 0.2 mg Na <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub> , 0.05 mg NaN <sub>3</sub> .
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for six months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.