

Datasheet for ABIN7600188

anti-SEC61B antibody (AA 16-96)



Overview

Purification:

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	SEC61B
Binding Specificity:	AA 16-96
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This SEC61B antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Flow Cytometry (FACS)
Product Details	
Purpose:	Anti-SEC61B Antibody Picoband®
Immunogen:	E.coli-derived human SEC61B recombinant protein (Position: R16-S96). Human SEC61B shares 98.8% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with mouse SEC61B.
Characteristics:	Anti-SEC61B Antibody Picoband® (ABIN7600188). Tested in WB, Flow Cytometry, ELISA applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat. The brand Picoband indicates this is a premium antibody that guarantees superior quality, high affinity, and strong signals with minimal background in Western blot applications. Only our best-performing antibodies are

Immunogen affinity purified.

Tarnet Details

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Target:	SEC61B
Alternative Name:	SEC61B (SEC61B Products)
Background:	Protein transport protein Sec61 subunit beta is a protein that in humans is encoded by the SEC61B gene. The Sec61 complex is the central component of the protein translocation apparatus of the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) membrane. Oligomers of the Sec61 complex form a transmembrane channel where proteins are translocated across and integrated into the ER membrane. This complex consists of three membrane proteins- alpha, beta, and gamma. This gene encodes the beta-subunit protein. The Sec61 subunits are also observed in the post-ER compartment, suggesting that these proteins can escape the ER and recycle back. There is evidence for multiple polyadenylated sites for this transcript.
Molecular Weight:	15 kDa
Gene ID:	10952
UniProt:	P60468
Pathways:	Protein targeting to Nucleus
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blot, 0.1-0.25 μg/mL, Human, Mouse, Rat Flow Cytometry (Fixed), 1-3 μg /1x10 ⁶ cells, Human

Application	Notes:

ELISA, 0.1-0.5 μg/mL, -

1. Bebok, Z., Mazzochi, C., King, S. A., Hong, J. S., Sorscher, E. J. The mechanism underlying cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator transport from the endoplasmic reticulum to the proteasome includes Sec61-beta and a cytosolic, deglycosylated intermediary. J. Biol. Chem. 273: 29873-29878, 1998. 2. Besse, W., Dong, K., Choi, J., Punia, S., Fedeles, S. V., Choi, M., Gallagher, A.-R., Huang, E. B., Gulati, A., Knight, J., Mane, S., Tahvanainen, E., Tahvanainen, P., Sanna-Cherchi, S., Lifton, R. P., Watnick, T., Pei, Y. P., Torres, V. E., Somlo, S. Isolated polycystic liver disease genes define effectors of polycystin-1 function. J. Clin. Invest. 127: 1772-1785, 2017. Note: Erratum: J. Clin. Invest. 127: 3558 only, 2017. 3. Chen, Y., Le Caherec, F., Chuck, S. L. Calnexin and other factors that alter translocation affect the rapid binding of ubiquitin to apoB in the Sec61 complex. J. Biol. Chem. 273: 11887-11894, 1998.

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Adding 0.2 mL of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 μg/mL.
Concentration:	500 μg/mL
Buffer:	Each vial contains 4 mg Trehalose, 0.9 mg NaCl, 0.2 mg Na2HPO4.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	At -20°C for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for six months. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.