

Datasheet for ABIN7600964 anti-PIGV antibody (AA 26-470)



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| Quantity: | 100 μg |
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| Target: | PIGV |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 26-470 |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This PIGV antibody is un-conjugated |
| Application: | ELISA, Western Blotting (WB), Flow Cytometry (FACS) |

Product Details

| Purpose: | Anti-PIGV Antibody Picoband® |
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| Immunogen: | E.coli-derived human PIGV recombinant protein (Position: Q26-Y470). |
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Cross-Reactivity (Details): | No cross-reactivity with other proteins. |
| Characteristics: | Anti-PIGV Antibody Picoband® (ABIN7600964). Tested in ELISA, Flow Cytometry, WB applications. This antibody reacts with Human. The brand Picoband indicates this is a premium antibody that guarantees superior quality, high affinity, and strong signals with minimal background in Western blot applications. Only our best-performing antibodies are designated as Picoband, ensuring unmatched performance. |
| Purification: | Immunogen affinity purified. |

Target Details

| Target: | PIGV |
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| Alternative Name: | PIGV (PIGV Products) |
| Background: | Synonyms: RecQ-mediated genome instability protein 2, hRMI2, BLM-associated protein of 18 |
| | kDa, BLAP18, RMI2, C16orf75 |
| | Background: GPI mannosyltransferase 2 is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the PIGV |
| | gene. This gene encodes a mannosyltransferase enzyme involved in the biosynthesis of |
| | glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI). GPI is a complex glycolipid that functions as a membrane |
| | anchor for many proteins and plays a role in multiple cellular processes including protein |
| | sorting and signal transduction. The encoded protein is localized to the endoplasmic reticulum |
| | and transfers the second mannose to the GPI backbone. Mutations in this gene are associated |
| | with hyperphosphatasia cognitive disability syndrome. Alternatively spliced transcript variants |
| | have been observed for this gene. |
| Molecular Weight: | 60 kDa |
| Gene ID: | 55650 |
| Pathways: | Inositol Metabolic Process |
| Application Details | |
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| Application Notes: | Western blot, 0.25-0.5 μg/mL, Human |
| | Flow Cytometry (Fixed), 1-3 μg/1x1x10 ⁶ cells, Human |
| | ELISA, 0.1-0.5 μg/mL, - |
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| Restrictions: Handling | retardation syndrome due to PIGV mutations: expanded clinical spectrum. Am. J. Med. Genet. 155A: 1917-1922, 2011. 2. Kang, J. Y. Hong, Y., Ashida, H., Shishioh, N., Murakami, Y., Morita, Y. S., Maeda, Y., Kinoshita, T. PIG-V involved in transferring the second mannose in glycosylphosphatidylinositol. J. Biol. Chem. 280: 9489-9497, 2005. 3. Krawitz, P. M., Schweiger, M. R., Rodelsperger, C., Marcelis, C., Kolsch, U., Meisel, C., Stephani, F., Kinoshita, T., Murakami, Y., Bauer, S., Isau, M., Fischer, A., and 17 others. Identity-by-descent filtering of exome sequence data identifies PIGV mutations in hyperphosphatasia mental retardation syndrome. Nature Genet. 42: 827-829, 2010. |

Handling

| Reconstitution: | Adding 0.2 mL of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 µg/mL. |
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| Concentration: | 500 μg/mL |
| Buffer: | Each vial contains 4 mg Trehalose, 0.9 mg NaCl, 0.2 mg Na2HPO4. |
| Storage: | 4 °C,-20 °C |
| Storage Comment: | At -20°C for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for six months. Avoid repeated freezing and |
| | thawing. |