

## Datasheet for ABIN7600986 anti-EVL antibody (AA 268-400)



## Overview

Characteristics:

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	EVL
Binding Specificity:	AA 268-400
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This EVL antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Flow Cytometry (FACS)
Product Details	
Purpose:	Anti-EVL Antibody Picoband®
Immunogen:	E.coli-derived human EVL recombinant protein (Position: M268-E400).
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	No cross-reactivity with other proteins.

Purification: Immunogen affinity purified.

as Picoband, ensuring unmatched performance.

Anti-EVL Antibody Picoband® (ABIN7600986). Tested in ELISA, Flow Cytometry, IHC, WB

antibody that guarantees superior quality, high affinity, and strong signals with minimal

applications. This antibody reacts with Human. The brand Picoband indicates this is a premium

background in Western blot applications. Only our best-performing antibodies are designated

## **Target Details**

Target:	EVL
Alternative Name:	EVL (EVL Products)
Background:	Synonyms: Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 4, OX40 ligand, OX40L, CD252,
	Tnfsf4, Ox40l, Txgp1l
	Tissue Specificity: Macrophages, peripheral blood leukocytes, lung, spleen and liver.
	Background: Ena/VASP-like protein is a member of the Ena/VASP family of proteins that in
	humans is encoded by the EVL gene. Ena/VASP-like (EVL) protein is a member of the Ena/VASF
	family and is involved in actin-associated cytoskeleton remodeling and cell polarity activities
	including axon guidance and lamellipodia formation in migrating cells. The EVL protein
	sequence contains an N-terminal EVH1 domain, a Pro-rich SH3 binding domain, and a C-
	terminal EVH2 domain. EVL domain interactions with G- and F-actin mediates actin nucleation
	and polymerization. Research studies have shown that EVL also regulates DNA repair by
	interaction with RAD51. EVL may function in the DSB repair pathway through the EVH2 domain
	which possesses DNA-binding and RAD51 binding activity, thereby coordinating homologous
	DNA recombination. Research studies have shown EVL expression is up-regulated in human
	breast cancer associated with clinical stages and may be implicated in invasion and/or
	metastasis of human breast cancer.
Molecular Weight:	50 kDa
Gene ID:	51466
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blot, 0.1-0.25 μg/mL, Human
	Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 2-5 µg/mL, Human
	Flow Cytometry (Fixed), 1-3 µg/1x10 <sup>6</sup> cells, Human
	ELISA, 0.1-0.5 μg/mL, -
	1. Gross, M. B. Personal Communication. Baltimore, Md. 4/19/2016. 2. Janssens, K., De Kimpe,
	L., Balsamo, M., Vandoninck, S., Vandenheede, J. R., Gertler, F., Van Lint, J. Characterization of
	EVL-I as a protein kinase D substrate. Cell. Signal. 21: 282-292, 2009. 3. Klostermann, A., Lutz,
	B., Gertler, F., Behl, C. The orthologous human and murine semaphorin 6A-1 proteins (SEMA6A-
	1/Sema6A-1) bind to the enabled/vasodilator-stimulated phosphoprotein-like protein (EVL) via
	novel carboxyl-terminal zyxin-like domain. J. Biol. Chem. 275: 39647-39653, 2000.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

## Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Adding 0.2 mL of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 µg/mL.
Concentration:	500 μg/mL
Buffer:	Each vial contains 4 mg Trehalose, 0.9 mg NaCl, 0.2 mg Na2HPO4.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	At -20°C for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month.  It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for six months. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.