

## Datasheet for ABIN7602199

# anti-ORC1 antibody (AA 628-861)



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Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	ORC1 (ORC1L)
Binding Specificity:	AA 628-861
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This ORC1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Flow Cytometry (FACS)

## **Product Details**

Purpose:	Anti-ORC1 Antibody Picoband®	
Immunogen:	E.coli-derived human ORC1 recombinant protein (Position: H628-E861).	
Isotype:	IgG	
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	No cross-reactivity with other proteins.	
Characteristics:	Anti-ORC Antibody Picoband® (ABIN7602199). Tested in ELISA, Flow Cytometry, WB applications. This antibody reacts with Human. The brand Picoband indicates this is a premium antibody that guarantees superior quality, high affinity, and strong signals with minimal background in Western blot applications. Only our best-performing antibodies are designated as Picoband, ensuring unmatched performance.	
Purification:	Immunogen affinity purified.	

## **Target Details**

Target:	ORC1 (ORC1L)	
Alternative Name:	ORC1 (ORC1L Products)	
Background:	Synonyms: Muscarinic acetylcholine receptor M2,CHRM2,	
	Tissue Specificity: Isoform 1 is predominantly expressed in thymus and is also found in	
	peripheral blood leukocytes and kidney. Isoform 2 is predominantly expressed in skeletal	
	muscle and is also found in thymus, kidney, testis, spleen, prostate, ovary, small intestine, hear	
	placenta and pancreas. Isoform 3 is expressed in thymus and kidney. Isoform 4 is expressed in	
	thymus and skeletal muscle.	
	Background: Origin recognition complex subunit 1 is a protein that in humans is encoded by the	
	ORC1 gene. The origin recognition complex (ORC) is a highly conserved six subunits protein	
	complex essential for the initiation of the DNA replication in eukaryotic cells. Studies in yeast	
	demonstrated that ORC binds specifically to origins of replication and serves as a platform for	
	the assembly of additional initiation factors such as Cdc6 and Mcm proteins. The protein	
	encoded by this gene is the largest subunit of the ORC complex. While other ORC subunits are	
	stable throughout the cell cycle, the levels of this protein vary during the cell cycle, which has	
	been shown to be controlled by ubiquitin-mediated proteolysis after initiation of DNA	
	replication. This protein is found to be selectively phosphorylated during mitosis. It is also	
	reported to interact with MYST histone acetyltransferase 2 (MyST2/HBO1), a protein involved in	
	control of transcription silencing. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different	
	isoforms have been found for this gene.	
Molecular Weight:	100 kDa	
Gene ID:	4998	
UniProt:	Q13415	
Pathways:	Mitotic G1-G1/S Phases, DNA Replication, Synthesis of DNA	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	Western blot, 0.25-0.5 μg/mL, Human	
	Flow Cytometry (Fixed), 1-3 μg/1x10 <sup>6</sup> cells, Human	
	ELISA, 0.1-0.5 μg/mL, -	
	1. Bicknell, L. S., Bongers, E. M. H. F., Leitch, A., Brown, S., Schoots, J., Harley, M. E., Aftimos, S.,	
	Al-Aama, J. Y., Bober, M., Brown, P. A. J., van Bokhoven, H., Dean, J., and 15 others. Mutations in	
	the pre-replication complex cause Meier-Gorlin syndrome. Nature Genet. 43: 356-359, 2011. 2.	
	Bicknell, L. S., Walker, S., Klingseisen, A., Stiff, T., Leitch, A., Kerzendorfer, C., Martin, CA., Yeyat	

#### **Application Details**

P., Al Sanna, N., Bober, M., Johnson, D., Wise, C., Jackson, A. P., O'Driscoll, M., Jeggo, P. A. Mutations in ORC1, encoding the largest subunit of the origin recognition complex, cause microcephalic primordial dwarfism resembling Meier-Gorlin syndrome. Nature Genet. 43: 350-355, 2011. 3. Bongers, E. M. H. F., Opitz, J. M., Fryer, A., Sarda, P., Hennekam, R. C. M., Hall, B. D., Superneau, D. W., Harbison, M., Poss, A., van Bokhoven, H., Hamel, B. C. J., Knoers, N. V. A. M. Meier-Gorlin syndrome: report of eight additional cases and review. Am. J. Med. Genet. 102: 115-124, 2001.

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

## Handling

Format:	Lyophilized	
Reconstitution:	Adding 0.2 mL of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 μg/mL.	
Concentration:	500 μg/mL	
Buffer:	Each vial contains 4 mg Trehalose, 0.9 mg NaCl, 0.2 mg Na2HPO4.	
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C	
Storage Comment:	At -20°C for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month.  It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for six months. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.	