

Datasheet for ABIN7602236
anti-ROCK2 antibody (AA 652-909)



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Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	ROCK2
Binding Specificity:	AA 652-909
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunocytochemistry (ICC), Flow Cytometry (FACS)

Product Details

Purpose:	Anti-ROCK2 Antibody Picoband®
Immunogen:	E.coli-derived human ROCK2 recombinant protein (Position: E652-D909).
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	No cross-reactivity with other proteins.
Characteristics:	Anti-ROCK2 Antibody Picoband® (ABIN7602236). Tested in ELISA, Flow Cytometry, IF, ICC, WB applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat. The brand Picoband indicates this is a premium antibody that guarantees superior quality, high affinity, and strong signals with minimal background in Western blot applications. Only our best-performing antibodies are designated as Picoband, ensuring unmatched performance.
Purification:	Immunogen affinity purified.

Target Details

Target:	ROCK2
Alternative Name:	ROCK2 (ROCK2 Products)
Background:	Synonyms: Complement receptor type 1, C3b/C4b receptor, CD35, CR1, C3BR Tissue Specificity: Present on erythrocytes, a subset of T cells, mature B cells, follicular dendritic cells, monocytes and granulocytes. Background: Rho-associated kinase (ROCK), including the ROCK-I and ROCK-II isoforms, is a protein kinase involved in signaling from Rho to actin cytoskeleton. Serine/threonine kinase ROCK II/Rho kinase, which is an isozyme of ROCK I, is one of the targets for the small GTPase Rho. ROCK II regulates the formation of actin stress fibers and focal adhesions, cytokinesis, smooth muscle contraction, and the activation of c-fos serum response element. Sequencing analysis has shown that human ROCK II contains 1388 amino acid residues with a calculated molecular mass of approximately 161 kDa. Fluorescence in situ hybridization analysis showed that the human ROCK II gene is located on chromosome 2p24. Thumkeo et al. concluded that ROCK-II is essential in inhibiting blood coagulation and maintaining blood flow in the endothelium-free labyrinth layer and that loss of ROCK-II leads to thrombus formation, placental dysfunction, intrauterine growth retardation, and fetal death.
Molecular Weight:	161 kDa
Gene ID:	9475
UniProt:	O75116
Pathways:	Microtubule Dynamics , WNT Signaling , Tube Formation

Application Details

Application Notes:	Western blot, 0.1-0.25 µg/mL, Human, Mouse, Rat Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, 5 µg/mL, Human, Flow Cytometry (Fixed), 1-3 µg/1×10⁶ cells, Human ELISA, 0.1-0.5 µg/mL, - 1. Takahashi, N., Tuiki, H., Saya, H., Kaibuchi, K. : Localization of the gene coding for ROCK II/Rho kinase on human chromosome 2p24. Genomics 55: 235-237, 1999. 2. Thumkeo, D., Keel, J., Ishizaki, T., Hirose, M., Nonomura, K., Oshima, H., Oshima, M., Taketo, M. M., Narumiya, S. : Targeted disruption of the mouse Rho-associated kinase 2 gene results in intrauterine growth retardation and fetal death. Molec. Cell. Biol. 23: 5043-5055, 2003.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Add 0.2 mL of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 µg/mL.
Concentration:	500 µg/mL
Buffer:	Each vial contains 4 mg Trehalose, 0.9 mg NaCl and 0.2 mg Na ₂ HPO ₄ .
Storage:	4 °C, -20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for six months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.