

# Datasheet for ABIN7602368

## anti-IDI1 antibody (AA 71-645)



#### Overview

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	IDI1
Binding Specificity:	AA 71-645
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This IDI1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Flow Cytometry (FACS)
Product Details	
Purpose:	Anti-IDI1 Antibody Picoband®
Immunogen:	E.coli-derived human ATG7 recombinant protein (Position: D71-K645). Human ATG7 shares
mmunogen.	92.9% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with both mouse and rat ATG7.
Isotype:	
	92.9% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with both mouse and rat ATG7.
Isotype:	92.9% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with both mouse and rat ATG7.

### **Target Details**

Target:	IDI1
Alternative Name:	IDI1 (IDI1 Products)
Background:	Synonyms: 70 kDa ribosomal protein S6 kinase 1 antibody, KS6B1_HUMAN antibody, p70 alpha
	antibody, P70 beta 1 antibody, p70 ribosomal S6 kinase alpha antibody, p70 ribosomal S6
	kinase beta 1 antibody, p70 S6 kinase alpha antibody, P70 S6 Kinase antibody, p70 S6 kinase
	alpha 1 antibody, p70 S6 kinase alpha 2 antibody, p70 S6K antibody, p70 S6K-alpha antibody,
	p70 S6KA antibody, p70(S6K) alpha antibody, p70(S6K)-alpha antibody, p70-alpha antibody,
	p70-S6K 1 antibody, p70-S6K antibody, P70S6K antibody, P70S6K1 antibody, p70S6Kb
	antibody, PS6K antibody, Ribosomal protein S6 kinase 70 kDa polypeptide 1 antibody,
	Ribosomal protein S6 kinase beta 1 antibody, Ribosomal protein S6 kinase beta-1 antibody,
	Ribosomal protein S6 kinase I antibody, RPS6KB1 antibody, S6K antibody, S6K-beta-1 antibody
	S6K1 antibody, Serine/threonine kinase 14 alpha antibody, Serine/threonine-protein kinase 14A
	antibody, STK14A antibody
	Tissue Specificity: Expressed in all tissues.
	Background: IDI1 encodes a peroxisomally-localized enzyme that catalyzes the interconversion
	of isopentenyl diphosphate (IPP) to its highly electrophilic isomer, dimethylallyl diphosphate
	(DMAPP), which are the substrates for the successive reaction that results in the synthesis of
	farnesyl diphosphate and, ultimately, cholesterol. It has been shown in peroxisomal deficiency
	diseases such as Zellweger syndrome and neonatal adrenoleukodystrophy that there is
	reduction in IPP isomerase activity.
Molecular Weight:	26-28 kDa
Gene ID:	3422
UniProt:	Q13907
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blot, 0.1-0.25 μg/mL, Human, Mouse, Rat
	Immunohistochemistry, 2-5 μg/mL, Human
	Flow Cytometry (Fixed), 1-3 µg/1x10 <sup>6</sup> cells, Human
	ELISA, 0.1-0.5 μg/mL, -
	1. Breitling, R., Laubner, D., Clizbe, D., Adamski, J., Krisans, S. K. Isopentenyl-diphosphate
	isomerases in human and mouse: evolutionary analysis of a mammalian gene duplication. J.
	Molec. Evol. 57: 282-291, 2003. 2. Clizbe, D. B., Owens, M. L., Masuda, K. R., Shackelford, J. E.,
	Krisans, S. K. IDI2, a second isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase in mammals. J. Biol. Chem.

## **Application Details**

	282: 6668-6676, 2007. 3. Hahn, F. M., Xuan, J. W., Chambers, A. F., Poulter, C. D. Human isopentenyl diphosphate:dimethylallyl diphosphate isomerase: overproduction, purification, and characterization. Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 332: 30-34, 1996.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Adding 0.2 mL of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 μg/mL.
Concentration:	500 μg/mL
Buffer:	Each vial contains 4 mg Trehalose, 0.9 mg NaCl, 0.2 mg Na2HPO4.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	At -20°C for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month.  It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for six months. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.