

Datasheet for ABIN7630656

Overview

Target:

Alternative Name:

Background:

anti-CAPN1 antibody (Biotin)



Quantity:	1 mL
Target:	CAPN1
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This CAPN1 antibody is conjugated to Biotin
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)
Product Details	
Purpose:	Biotin-Linked Polyclonal Antibody to Calpain 1 (CAPN1)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against CAPN1. It has been selected for its
	ability to recognize CAPN1 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Cross-Reactivity:	Mouse, Rat
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography
Target Details	

PIG30, CANPL1, MuCANP, MuCL, Calpain 1, Large Subunit, Calpain-1 Catalytic Subunit,

CAPN1

Calpain 1 (CAPN1 Products)

Target Details

	Calcium-Dependent Protease 1, Calcium-activated neutral proteinase 1, Calpain mu-type,
	Micromolar-calpain
UniProt:	P07384
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.2-2 μg/mL,1:250-2500 Immunohistochemistry: 5-20 μg/mL,1:25-100
	Immunocytochemistry: 5-20 μ g/mL,1:25-100 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated
	thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious
	degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration
	date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	500 μg/mL
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which
	should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without
	detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.