

## Datasheet for ABIN7633024

## anti-Prothrombin Fragment 1+2 antibody (Biotin)



( )	11	OF	· \ /	-	1 A /
	v	er	V		v v

Overview		
Quantity:	1 mL	
Target:	Prothrombin Fragment 1+2 (F1+2)	
Reactivity:	Human	
Host:	Mouse	
Clonality:	Monoclonal	
Conjugate:	This Prothrombin Fragment 1+2 antibody is conjugated to Biotin	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)	
Product Details		
Purpose:	Biotin-Linked Monoclonal Antibody to Prothrombin Fragment 1+2 (F1+2)	
Immunogen:	MAA710Hu21Monoclonal Antibody to Prothrombin Fragment 1+2 (F1+2)	
Clone:	D1	
Isotype:	IgG2b kappa	
Specificity:	The antibody is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against F1+2. It has been selected for its	
	ability to recognize F1+2 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.	
Purification:	Protein A + Protein G affinity chromatography	
Target Details		
Target:	Prothrombin Fragment 1+2 (F1+2)	
Alternative Name:	Prothrombin Fragment 1+2 (F1+2 Products)	

## **Target Details**

UniProt:	P00734
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.5-2 μg/mL Immunohistochemistry: 5-20 μg/mL Immunocytochemistry: 5-
	20 μg/mL Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated
	thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious
	degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration
	date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 mg/mL
Buffer:	0.01M PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.05 % Proclin-300, 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be
	handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without
	detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.