

Datasheet for ABIN7634842 **anti-APOA5 antibody**



[Go to Product page](#)

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	APOA5
Reactivity:	Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This APOA5 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

Purpose:	Polyclonal Antibody to Apolipoprotein A5 (APOA5)
Immunogen:	RPB997Mu02Recombinant Apolipoprotein A5 (APOA5)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against APOA5. It has been selected for its ability to recognize APOA5 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography

Target Details

Target:	APOA5
Alternative Name:	APOA5 (APOA5 Products)

Target Details

Background:	Apo-A5, APOA-V, APOAV, RAP3, Regeneration-associated protein 3
UniProt:	Q8C7G5
Pathways:	Regulation of Lipid Metabolism by PPARalpha , Lipid Metabolism

Application Details

Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.5-2 µg/mL, Immunohistochemistry: 5-20 µg/mL, Immunocytochemistry: 5-20 µg/mL, Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	500 µg/mL
Buffer:	0.01M PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.05 % Proclin-300, 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C, -20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.