

Datasheet for ABIN7638110 **anti-DUOX2 antibody**



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Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	DUOX2
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This DUOX2 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

Purpose:	Monoclonal Antibody to Dual Oxidase 2 (DUOX2)
Specificity:	The antibody is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against DUOX2. It has been selected for its ability to recognize DUOX2 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography

Target Details

Target:	DUOX2
Alternative Name:	DUOX2 (DUOX2 Products)
Background:	LNOX2, NOXF2, THOX2, Thyroid oxidase 2, NADH/NADPH thyroid oxidase p138-tox, Dual Oxidase-Like Domains 2, Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide Phosphate Oxidase
UniProt:	Q9NRD8

Target Details

Pathways: [Thyroid Hormone Synthesis](#)

Application Details

Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.2-2 µg/mL, 1:500-5000 Immunohistochemistry: 5-20 µg/mL, 1:50-200 Immunocytochemistry: 5-20 µg/mL, 1:50-200 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 mg/mL
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C, -20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.