

Datasheet for ABIN7641679

anti-KEL antibody



Go to Product page

(۱۱/	er	٦/	iΔ	۱۸۱
_	ノ V	\sim 1	٧		٧V

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	KEL
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This KEL antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

Purpose:	Polyclonal Antibody to Kell Protein (KEL)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against KEL. It has been selected for its ability to recognize KEL in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography
Target Details	

Target:	KEL
Alternative Name:	Kell Protein (KEL Products)
Background:	CD238, ECE3, Kell Blood Group, Metalloendopeptidase, Metallo-Endopeptidase, Kell blood group glycoprotein

Target Details

UniProt:	P23276
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.2-2 μg/mL,1:250-2500 Immunohistochemistry: 5-20 μg/mL,1:25-100 Immunocytochemistry: 5-20 μg/mL,1:25-100 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	500 μg/mL
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.01 % SKL, 1 mM DTT, 5 % Trehalose and Proclin300.
Preservative:	Dithiothreitol (DTT), ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin and Dithiothreitol (DTT): POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.