

Datasheet for ABIN7642948

anti-MUC1 antibody



Overview

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	MUC1
Reactivity:	Cow
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This MUC1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Western Blotting (WB), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

Purpose:	Polyclonal Antibody to Mucin 1 (MUC1)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against MUC1. It has been selected for its ability to recognize MUC1 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography

Target Details

Target:	MUC1
Alternative Name:	MUC1 (MUC1 Products)
Background:	CD227, EMA, H23AG, KL-6, PEM, PEMT, PUM, CA15-3, CA153, Cancer antigen 15-3, Carcinoma-
	associated mucin, Episialin, Peanut-reactive urinary mucin, Polymorphic epithelial mucin

Target Details

UniProt:	Q8WML4
Pathways:	Negative Regulation of intrinsic apoptotic Signaling
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.01-2 μg/mL,lmmunohistochemistry: 5-20 μg/mL,lmmunocytochemistry: 5-
	20 μg/mL,Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated
	thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious
	degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration
	date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	0.77 mg/mL
Buffer:	0.01M PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.05 % Proclin-300, 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be
	handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without
	detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.