

Datasheet for ABIN7648282 **anti-YBX1 antibody**



[Go to Product page](#)

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	YBX1
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This YBX1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

Purpose:	Monoclonal Antibody to Y-Box Binding Protein 1 (YBX1)
Specificity:	The antibody is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against YBX1. It has been selected for its ability to recognize YBX1 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography

Target Details

Target:	YBX1
Alternative Name:	YBX1 (YBX1 Products)
Background:	BP8, CSDA2, CSDB, DBPB, MDR-NF1, NSEP1, YB1, Nuclease Sensitive Element Binding Protein 1, CCAAT-binding transcription factor I subunit A, DNA-binding protein B
UniProt:	P67809

Target Details

Pathways: [Regulation of Muscle Cell Differentiation](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: Western blotting: 0.2-2 µg/mL, 1:500-5000 Immunohistochemistry: 5-20 µg/mL, 1:50-200
Immunocytochemistry: 5-20 µg/mL, 1:50-200 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

Comment: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Concentration: 1 mg/mL

Buffer: PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.

Preservative: Sodium azide

Precaution of Use: This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Storage: 4 °C, -20 °C

Storage Comment: Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.